

The Irish Agriculture and Food Development Authority

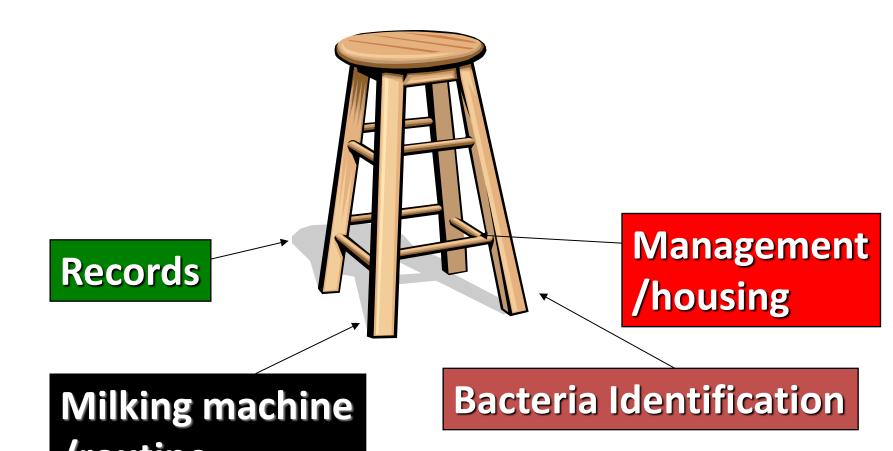


# Herd Investigation and Understanding Reports

Don Crowley, Milk Quality, Teagasc Milk recording, ICBF, AHI reports

# **The Mastitis Stool**





Goals 10,000 Dairy Herd Engagement Pyramid **Farmer/Industry** The 2020 Goal **Benefit Health Event Rec** 10,000 herds (60%) 546 herds (3%) 3,338 herds (20%) 11,000 herds (65%) **Milk Recording** 12,000 herds (70%) 4,386 herds (26%) **HerdPlus** 13,000 herds (75%) 6,395 herds (38%) **High EBI Sires** 14,000 herds (82%) 8,368 herds (49%) **Sire Recording** 

17,000 herds (100%) 17,000 herds (100%)

**Base Camp** 

### What is Milk Recording Worth?

The table below shows creamery deliveries per cow for

- (1) Herds that never milk recorded compared to:
- (2) Herds that started milk recording in 2012, delivering €64 higher output per cow
- (3) Herds continually milk recording, in a discussion group and/or HerdPlus, delivering €184 higher output per cow

		Milk Kgs per Cow	Fat + Prot Kgs	Milk Value	Difference per Cow	Difference 70 Cow
1	Never Milk Recorded	4107	303	€1,281		
2	Started Milk Recording in 2012	4284	319	€1,345	+€64	€4,480
3	Milk Recording + Discussion Group and/or Herdplus	4616	347	€1,465	+€184	€12,880

Milk Value A+B-C @27c/l; Source ICBF













t: 022 43228 t: 01-45021

t: 01-4502142 t: 062-33111

### munster cattle breeding group Tests in last 12 mths: 6

### CellCheck Farm Summary

Milk Recording Date : 21/03/14

Name: SAMPLE Herd ID: IE111111 Scheme: A6

119



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Herd Summary - Total Cows Recorded:

Mastitis Contr

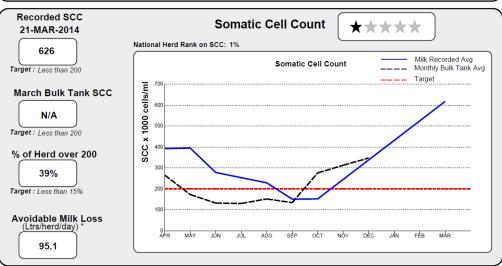
Somatic Cell Count

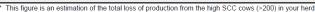
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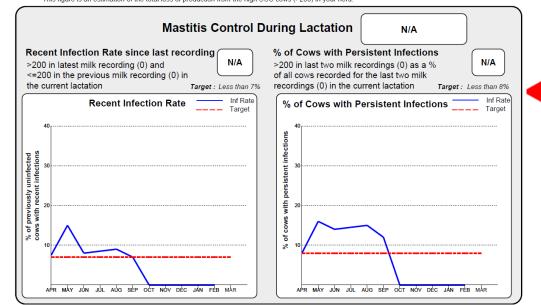
Mastitis Control During Lactation No previous test

Mastitis Control
Dry Period/Calving

Clinical Mastitis
No mastitis cases

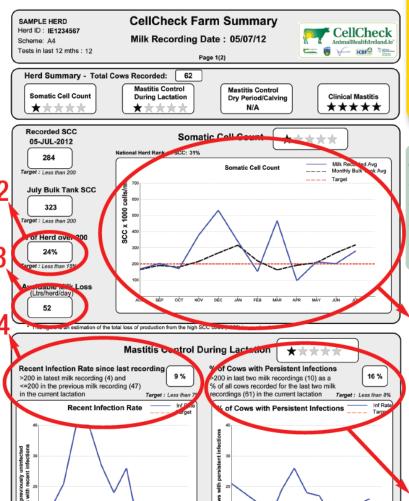








Monitor movement of infection through herd, targets are excellent guide.



AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUI

SÉP OÙT NOV DÉC JÁN FÉB MÁR APR MÁY JÚN JÚL

**Star rating summary:** There is a star rating for each of the key areas of mastitis control. It is based on a combination of achieving targets (positive) and hitting intervention or trigger levels (negative). The aim should always be to have at least 4 stars in each area. Having 2-3 stars in a particular area means that there is room for improvement, while 1 star in any area means that you are substantially below target and you should seek advice from a CellCheck Advisor immediately on the best way to tackle the area identified. Leaving these areas unaddressed will result in significant problems in the long-term and will already be resulting in major financial losses.

Stars	What does this mean?
5	All measures on target for ≥ last 2 recordings; you're achieving sustained mastitis control – excellent!
4	All measures on target, good mastitis control
3	≤ half of measures on target but none breaking intervention levels, room for improvement
2	None on target but none breaking intervention levels, substantial room for improvement
1	Any of the measures breaking intervention levels, contact a CellCheck advisor today!

Somatic Cell Count: this is the summary of this milk recording results.

- 1 This displays your current and previous herd SCC (based on milk recording results). It also gives the most recently available bulk milk SCC data (if this is submitted to ICBF by your processor). The lower the SCC level, the better the control of mastitis in your herd.
- 2 Cows with SCCs > 200,000 are very likely to have mastitis. A high % of your herd with SCCs > 200,000 indicates a problem with mastitis. These can potentially act as a source of infection to other cows or impact severely on your herd SCC.
- 3 This calculation is based on the most recent milk recording test. It is a total of the estimated losses in production from the high SCC cows (>200) in your herd.

Mastitis Control during Lactation: This section assesses changes in the individual cow SCC during lactation. It will only include cows that have been recorded in this milk recording, and the previous one.

- 4 This is the percentage of cows which had a low SCC (<200) at the last recording, but now have a high SCC (>200). A lower infection rate indicates a lower spread of infection and better mastitis control. In some cases an increase in recent infection rate may be due to cows persistently infected whose SCC fluctuates up and down.
- 5 This is the number of infected cows (>200) on this and last recording, as a % of all cows recorded. High levels of persistent infection means that infected cows are not curing. Having many cows with persistent infections will act as a source of infection on your farm.



### **CellCheck Farm Summary**

Milk Recording Date: 21/03/14

Name: SAMPLE

Herd ID:

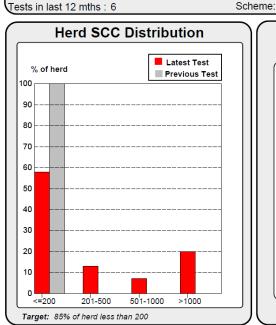


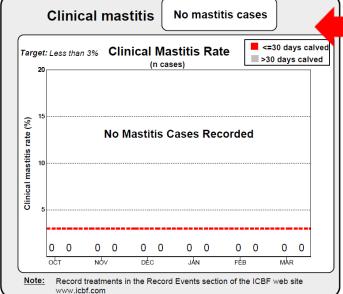


A6

IE111111

Page 2(2)



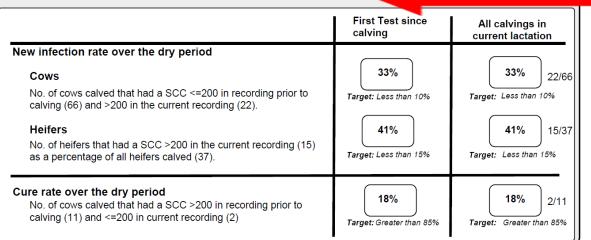


Recording of cases of mastitis big weakness, text: cow id, mast to 089/4577663( back of white pocket herd book)

First recording is crucial for this calculation, to often first recording to late i.e. end of April.

### Mastitis Control: Dry Period/Calving

Note: Cows with first recording >60 days after calving are not included.



New infection and cure rate over dry period can be assessed here.

CellCheck Farm Summary SAMPLE HERD Herd ID: IE1234567 CellCheck Milk Recording Date: 05/07/12 Scheme: A4 Tests in last 12 mths V- ICHO THE Herd SCC Distribution Clincal mastitis % of herd = <=30 days cal Less than 3% Clinical Mastitis Rate =>30 days calved 201-500 Target: 0. If hard less than 2 8 Mastitis Control: Dry Period/Calving N/A Note: Cows with fir alving are not include First Test since All calvings in calving urrent lactatio New infection rate over the dry period N/A 25% 3/12 No. of cows calved that had a SCC <=200 in recording prior to Target: Loss than 10% calving (0) and >200 in the current recording (0). N/A 7% 1/15 of heifers that had a SCC >200 in the current recogni-Target: Less than 15% Target: Less than 15% se of all heifers calved (0) re rate over the dry period N/A 80% 20/26 No. of cows calved that had a SCC >200 in recording prior to calving (0) and <=200 in current recording (0) Target: Greater than 85% Target: Greater than 85% For information on controlling somatic cell counts and clinical mastitis, check the Cell Check Farm Guidelines for Mastitis Control

Farm Guideline No

Further information on the CellCheck Programme is available on www.cellcheck.ie

5-15 & Management Note M

For further advice on controlling somatic cell counts and mastitis, contact your local CellCheck advisor.

Somatic Cell Counts

Mastitis Control: During Lactation Treatments During Lactation

fastitis Control: Calvino/Dry Pariod 1.4 & 16-20

Farm Guidelines book

your Co-op and local

is available from

Herd SCC Distribution: this is the summary of the milk recording results at a herd level.

6 This shows the proportion of your herd in different SCC brackets at the most recent recording. It also compares it to the last recording. It can be used to check if it is a few very high SCC cows causing your problem or if it is more of a generalised problem. The higher the % of cows with SCCs < 200, the better mastitis control within your herd.</p>

Clinical mastitis: This section analyses data on farms that are recording clinical mastitis in ICBF Animal Events. The number of actual mastitis cases is shown at the bottom of each column.

7 The graph tracks the rate of clinical mastitis in your herd. It takes into account all mastitis cases and how long a cow has been in milk. The lower the rate, the less chance your cows had of getting mastitis for that month. There are two columns-one for cows ≤ 30 days calved and one for > 30 days calved. Problems ≤ 30 days calved are more likely related to the dry period and calving period, whereas cases > 30 days in milk are more likely to have developed during factation.

Mastitis Control: Dry Period / Calving: This section tracks how effectively you are controlling mastitis during the dry period and at calving. It is split into cows and heifers so you can see problems in different ages of animals calving. This section will only analyse data from animals that have been milk recorded within 60 days of calving. These analyses are most effective when using monthly milk recording data as the closer to calving that cows are recorded, the more accurate the information will be. The stars are calculated based on the performance for the current recording only.

- 8 This shows how many animals have picked up a new infection either over the dry period or at calving. This calculation only looks at the cows that were uninfected at the last recording before dry-off (<200) and calculates what percentage are infected (>200) at their first recording post-calving. As heifers have no recording at dry off to compare with, all heifers are assumed to be uninfected before calving.
- 9 This investigates the percentage of cows cured over the dry period i.e. cows that were infected (>200) on the last recording before drying off, and are now uninfected, or cured (<200). Problems here may indicate poor response to dry cow therapy. An alternative cause of poor performance may be that even though the dry cow therapy has cured the previous infection the cow may then have acquired a new infection over the dry period or around calving. This may be a problem in your herd if the new infection rate over the dry period is also below target.
- 10 This column looks at the most recently calved cows in your herd. This will give you a short-term picture of mastitis control over the dry period / calving. Problems here provide an early warning and should be investigated even if the long-term performance is within target.
- 11 This column provides a running total for all the calved cows in your herd at the time of the current milk recording. This will give you a long-term perspective on how good your mastitis control has been over the entire dry period / calving period to date.

#### Milk Recording -Summary Farm Report

Sample Farmer

Scheme A6

MUNSTER A.I. & FARM SERVICES GROUP

BALLYVORISHEEN Herd No:

 MALLOW
 Herd No:
 IE1234518

 CO. CORK
 Print date:
 28/03/14

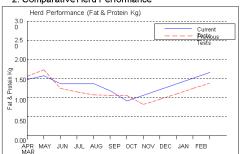
 Tel:
 022/43228
 Test date:
 21/03/14

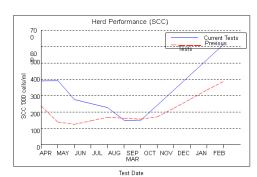


#### 1. Production summaries

Group	Number of cows recorded	Average days in milk	M Kg	M Gall		/Yield to d L%FKg	ate / 305 da	y yield F%	PKg	F+P Kg	Ave SCo Test>20 No. Treats	0 Euros
Overall	119	30	22.4	4.8	4.22	3.27	4.88	0.94	0.73	1.67	626	165
			620 5335	132 1140	4.50 4.52	3.15 3.72	4.91 4.87	27 236	19 194	46 430	47 0	
1st Lactation	39	35	17.9	3.8	4.30	3.26	4.95	0.78	0.59	1.37	637	185
			593 4684	127 1001	4.69 4.49	3.12 3.64	4.98 4.93	27 201	18 163	45 364	15 0	
2nd Lactation	29	31	22.4	4.8	4.17	3.21	4.94	0.93	0.72	1.65	387	
			645 5823	138 1244	4.44 4.84	<b>3.07</b> 3.90	4.97 4.93	29 282	20 227	49 509	10 0	
3rd Lactation	15	23	25.9	5.5	4.28	3.36	4.82	1.11	0.87	1.98	215	158
			590 5740	126 1226	4.43 4.41	3.23 3.66	4.79 4.82	26 253	19 210	45 463	3 0	
4+ Lactation	36	27	25.6	5.5	4.18	3.29	4.81	1.06	0.83	1.89	976	149
			643 5479	137 1170	4.38 4.33	3.20 3.66	4.83 4.80	27 230	20 194	47 424	19 0	
Dry Cows	34	264										145
			4336 4876	926 1041.7	4.46 4.59	3.66 3.72	4.77 4.78	193.5 224	158.7 181.4	352.19 405.19	0	

#### 2. Comparative Herd Performance





#### 3. Test day production history te

Test date		Herd Performance									
	21-MAR'14	06-MAR'13	24-OCT'13	13-SEP'13	03-AUG'13	25-JUN'13	11-MAY'13	06-MAR'13	13-NOV'12	05-OCT'12	14-AUG'12
Number of cows	119	86	2	127	125	144	142	86	89	113	127
Milk kg	22.4	17.9	8.5	14	16.8	17.3	20.5	17.9	9.8	12.6	14.1
Milk gallons	4.8	3.8	1.8	3	3.6	3.7	4.4	3.8	2.1	2.7	3
Fat %	4.22	4.17	6.78	4.49	4.50	4.32	4.12	4.17	4.47	4.39	
Protein %	3.27	3.50	3.97	3.94	3.65	3.59	3.59	3.50	3.89	3.92	
Lactose %	4.88	4.79	4.26	4.63	4.89	4.75	4.85	4.79	4.52	4.51	R
Fat kg	0.94	0.75	0.57	0.63	0.76	0.75	0.84	0.75	0.44	0.56	D
Protein kg	0.73	0.63	0.34	0.55	0.61	0.62	0.74	0.63	0.38	0.5	
F+Pkg	1.67	1.38	0.91	1.18	1.37	1.37	1.58	1.38	0.82	1.06	1.07
SCC	626	395	154	153	232	282	400	395	173	161	170





- Average SCC per lactation
- Number of SCC>200,000
- Number of treatments if recorded
- Indicates potential contagious/Environ mental mastitis

- Average SCC of previous 10 recordings
- Can identify trends over year
- Identifypotential drycow issue

### **Mastitis Incidence Problem - Cow Report**

Scheme A6

MUNSTER A.I. & FARM SERVICES GROUP

MALLOW CO. CORK

Sample Farmer Herd owner:

IE1234516

Print date:

28/03/14

CO. CORK			Print date:	20/00/14	_		
Tel: 022/43228		-	Test date:	21/03/14		: 1(4)	I=
			Masti	lis Incidence F	listory (Cur	rent Lactation)	Prev. lact.
Cow ID Cow I&R-Tag	Calv. Date L	act.	Tests > 200	Latest SCC	Previous	SCC (*1000) herd tests Previous eatments	Ave. SCC
name Sire ID	Age Group D			% Herd SCC	mastitis tr	eatments	Tests > 200
		est	Mast Treats	Last treat			Mast Treats
				21-mar	24-oct	13-sep 03-aug 25-jun 11-ma	У
1774 IE-1412319-1-1774	06/02/14	1	1	3009			
GYK	2y 2m	43		7.7			
	Spring	1					
947 IE-1412319-7-0947	19/02/14	7	1	3183			
	8y 1m	30		6.1			4
	Spring	1				`	0
<b>1260</b> IE-1412319-8-1260	06/02/14	4	1	2672			572
OGI	5y 2m	43		5.9			3
	Spring	1		5.5			0
1164 IE-1412319-2-1164	22/02/14	5	1	3183			1794
SJT	6y 1m	27					4
•••	Spring	-· 1		5.6			0
1855 IE-1412319-8-1855	06/02/14	1	1	E000		D	•
HWY			<u>.</u>	5892			
HVVY	2y 1m	43 1		5.1			
000	Spring		4	0005			
969 IE-1412319-4-0969	18/02/14	7	1	2825			191
IE151753180625	8y 0m	31		4.3			2
	Spring	1					0
1320 IE-1412319-1-1320	08/02/14	4	1	2504			46
OGI	5y 1m	41		4.3			
OGI	-			4.5			0
	Spring	1					0
<b>1169</b> IE-1412319-7-1169	14/02/14	5	1	3131			50
IE141249291062	6y 1m	35		4.2			0
	Spring	1					
1001			4	0.450			0
1691 IE-1412319-1-1691 WLI	18/02/14	2 31	1	2468			865
VVLI	7			4			4
4204	Spring 23/02/14	1 4	1	280			73
1301 IE-1412319-7-1301 WKP		4 26	1	3.8			0
WILL	1			3.8			
1602 15 4446040 0 400	Spring 22/02/14	1 2	1	3162			291
1682 IE-1412319-9-1682 WIU		27	1	3162			291
WIO	-			J.4			
4270 15 4440040 0 4555	Spring 08/03/14	1 4	1	2157			0 54
1278 IE-1412319-9-1278 MCG		4 13		3			1
WCG	-			3			
4257	Spring 28/02/14	1 4	1	2024			37
1257 IE-1412319-4-1257 AAP		4 21	1	2021 2.9			0
MAF	, ,			2.9			
l .	Spring	1					0

- SCC ranked in order of % contribution to herd average
- SCC and milk yield taken into account

- **Average SCC** for previous **lactation**
- **Shows** number of tests > 200,000
- No. of mastitis treatments
- **Can identify** potential dry cow/spring housing problem.

### Milk Quality Report

MUNETERAL, & FARM BERVICES GROUP

Hendlowner: SAIMPLE BALLYVORIBH EEN Hend No: IE1111111 MALLOW Print date: 09/05/14 CO. CORK

Test date: 03/05/14 Scheme A6 Page 2(4) Tel: 022/48228

#### 2. Herd Performance

The performance of your herd has been expressed relative to other herds with recorded SCC data (from ICAR-approved milk recording organisations). For example, the average SCC in your herd is currently 323,000 cells/ml, in comparison with a national herd average of 215,000 cell/ml. Further, 15% of recorded herds achieved an average SCC of 175,000 cells/ml or less at the last recording

			Btm 15%		Top 15%
a. All cows					
				Achievable	
i. Average SCC Auerage SCC (CCC cells/mi) allosi m	nlik recording lest		385		175
	Your Herd	323			
	National Average	215			
	Discussion Group Average				
ii. Median SCC Wedlan SCC (1880 cells/ml) al lastini (89% of animals had a cell count beli			385		175
	Your Herd	70			
	National Average	210			
	Discussion Group Average				
b. Cows with a low (SCC	no greater than 250,000 cell	s/ml)			
i. Not infected % ofrecorded herd witha 800 no gra all the current and previous lesis	saler han 250,000 cells/mi		15		70
	Your Herd	68%			
	National Average	45%			
	Discussion Group Average				
i. Not infected, recently cle % ofrecorded herd with a 900 no gro al the current lest, but exceeding 250	ealer han 250,000 cells/mi		15		5
preulous lesi	Your Herd	12%			
	National Average	7%			
	Discussion Group Average				
c. Cows with a high SCC	(greater than 250,000 cells/	ml)			
i. Recently Infected % ofrecorded herd with a 800 exces althe current lest but no greater than			25		5
al the preutous lest	Your Herd	5%			
	National Average	5%			
	Discussion Group Average				
ii. Chronically infected 6 ofrecorded herd with a SCC excee 1 the currentand previous lesis	ding 250,000 cells/mi		59		10
	Your Herd	15%			<b>∣</b>
	National Average	20%			1
	National Awerage	2078			



### Milk Quality Report

MUNBTERAL & FARM BERVICES GROUP

BALLYVORIBHEEN

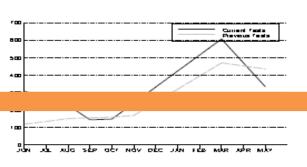
MALLOW CO. CORK Tel: 02 2/48228 Hendlowner: SAIMPLE Hend No: IE1111111 Print date: 09/05/14

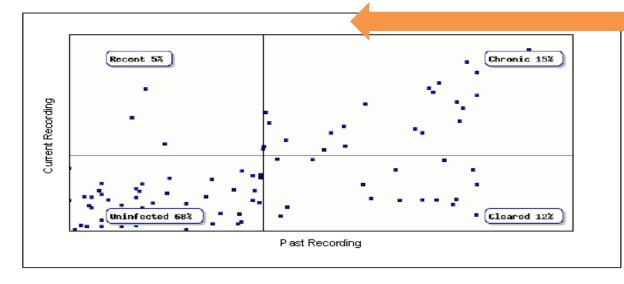
03/05/14 Scheme A6 Page 1(4) Test date:

#### 1. Summary

This report is a summary of the SCC data from your most recent milk recording (from ICAR-approved milk recording organisations). The summary relates to the current lactation.

Current Test		
Test Details		
Date of milk recording	03-MAY-2014	
Total cows recorded in milk	139	
Average days in milk	67	
Herd Performance		
Average dailymilk yield (kg)	19	
Average SCC (000 cells/ml)	323	
Median SCC (000 cells/ml)	70	
Since previous test		
Not of clinical cases	0	
No. of affected cows	7	
During current lactation		
Cumulative not of dinical cases	0	
Cumulative not of affected cows	45	







- Median figure important to give farmer confidence. Even though average is poor.
- Scatter diagram gives excellent view of herd, look at trend over a few months.

### Milk Quality Report

MUNSTER A.I. & FARM SERVICES GROUP

BALLYVORISHEEN

MALLOW

CO.CORK

Tel: 022/43228

Herd owner:

1250

Scheme A6

Herd No:

......

Print date:

09/05/14

Test date: 03/05/14

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### 3. Herd Performance by lactation number and stage of lactation

This report provides a summary of all cows with SCC data (from ICAR-approved milk recording organisations).

	Mear	n SCC	Median SCC		N on-infected		Non-infected, recently cleared		Recently	'infected	Chronically infected	
	Cows	Mean	Cows	Median	Cows	%	Cows	% cicarca	Cows	%	Cows	%
Overall	139	323	139	70	94	68%	16	12%	7	5%	21	15%
Stage of Lactation												
0-100d	139	323	139	70	94	68%	16	12%	7	5%	21	15%
1	38	209	38	65	26	68%	6	16%	2	5%	3	8%
2-3	55	98	55	60	44	80%	6	11%	0	0%	5	9%
4-5	28	710	28	140	14	50%	2	7%	4	14%	8	29%
6+	18	565	18	92	10	56%	2	11%	1	6%	5	28%

# New To Milk Recording

- A value put on milk supplied by each cow.
- See the difference in financial performance across your herd.
- Sorted by lactation number.
- Sorted by Month of calving.
- Culling bottom 10% in herd a significant financial help.

### Milk Recording Annual Farm Report

Herd Owner: ICBF DAIRY TRAINING

Herd No: IE1510137 Print date: 04-JAN-16

Report Period: 01-JAN-2015 - 31-DEC-2015

### 1. Production Summaries - Valid Lactations

Only animals that have had a valid lactation are included in these summaries. A valid lactation is one that was: (i) completed on the farm during the 12 month period (ii) has a valid lactation end reason (i.e. either dried off or completed 305 days) and (iii) has a minimum lactation length of 150 days.

	No. of	Average		Completed Lactations Only								
Group	cows	days in milk	M Kg	M Gall	F%	P%	F Kg	P Kg	F+P Kg	scc	Milk Value	
		HIIIK									EBI	
0	101	200	7000	4500	4.00	2.04	200	207	507	00	60056	
Overall	121	299	7332	1566	4.36	3.64	320	267	587	90	€2356	
		305	7419	1585	4.37	3.65	324	271	595			
		CI: 368									€215	
1et Lectotion	31	306	6144	1313	4.51	3.64	277	224	501	85	€2003	
1st Lactation	31	306						224		00	€2003	
			6118	1307	4.51	3.64	276	223	499			
											€235	
2nd Lactation	23	302	7250	1549	4.38	3.63	317	263	581	86	€2329	
			7298	1559	4.38	3.64	320	265	585			
		CI: 366									€230	
3rd Lactation	27	297	7789	1664	4.35	3.7	339	288	627	95	€2529	
			7912	1690	4.36	3.71	345	293	638			
		CI: 373									€193	
4+ Lactation	40	292	7991	1707	4.26	3.61	340	289	629	91	€2528	
			8165	1744	4.28	3.62	349	296	645			
		CI: 365									€205	

### Milk Recording Annual Farm Report

Herd Owner ICBF DAIRY TRAINING

Herd No: IE1510137
Print date: 04-JAN-16

Report Period: 01-JAN-2015 - 31-DEC-2015

### 3. Summary by Month of Calving

Only animals that have had a valid lactation are included in these summaries. A valid lactation is one that was: (1) completed on the farm during the 12 month period (ii) has a valid lactation end reason (i.e. either dried off or completed 305 days) and (iii) has a minimum lactation length of 150 days.

Month Calving	No. of	Average			Comp	leted Lac	tations O	nly			Milk Value
Group	cows	days in	M Kg	M Gall	F%	P%	F Kg	P Kg	F+P Kg	SCC	
	rec.	milk									EBI
Jan 2015	40	315	7126	1522	4.49	3.62	320	258	578	92	€2310
			6976	1490	4.48	3.61	312	252	564		
											€230
Feb 2015	64	298	7426	1586	4.31	3.67	320	272	592	88	€2386
			7521	1607	4.32	3.67	325	276	601		
											€211
Mar 2015	10	274	7951	1699	4.11	3.63	327	289	616	90	€2488
			8404	1795	4.16	3.66	350	308	657		
											€211
Apr 2015	6	250	6808	1454	4.44	3.55	302	242	544	92	€2163
			7611	1626	4.49	3.60	342	274	616		
											€179
May 2015	1	229	6527	1394	4.41	3.62	288	236	524	53	€2097
			7667	1638	4.55	3.65	349	280	629		
											€120

### Milk Recording Annual Animal Report

Herd owner: ICBF DAIRY TRAINING

Herd No: IE1510137 Print date: 04-JAN-16

Days

Report Period: 01-JAN-2015 - 31-DEC-2015

Completed Lactation / Extended Lactation/ Lifetime Production

SCC

Milk Value

1. Cows Currently in Herd
Cow ID I&R-Tag Calv. Date

Cow name	End Date Ext. [	Days	M Kg	M Gall	F%	P%	F Kg	P Kg	F+P	Tests > 200	
Sire ID Calving Intvl.	Lact Lifetime I	Days									EBI
852 IE151013710852	21/03/15	275	8869	1895	3.55	3.45	315	306	621	115	€2521
Parkduv Iris 23 HRZ 358	21/12/15 9	2663	73452	15691	4.08	3.35	2994	2461	5455	2	€149
945 IE151013730945	15/04/15	250	7245	1548	4.17	3.52	302	255	557	53	€2229
Parkduv Maria 25 HRZ 406	21/12/15 7	2322	54362	11613	4.50	3.65	2447	1984	4431	0	€145
999 IE151013780999	14/02/15	286	6835	1460	4.12	3.19	282	218	500	58	€1954
Parkduv Jill 19 LLO 359	27/11/15 7	2083	55125	11776	4.07	3.33	2241	1835	4076	0	€179
1006 IE151013771006		243	5972	1276	4.50	3.35	269	200	469	60	€1837
Parkduv Maria 27 RUU 427	21/12/15	2090	43823	9362	5.01	3.50	2195	1533	3728	1	€184
1011 IE151013741011	22/02/15	286	8149	1741	4.56	3.65	371	298	669	67	€2674
Parkduv Iris 33 MBH 374	05/12/15 6	2116	45158	9647	5.21	3.58	2353	1617	3970	0	€202
1027 IE151013731027	28/01/15	305	9336	1994	4.42	3.53	412	329	741	132	€3118
Parkduv Jerri 27 Et LLO 352	_	327 2091	9784 52596	2090 11236	4.44 4.71	3.55 3.51	435 2475	348 1846	783 4321	0	€226

## Farmer Web Platform

ADMIN 🔻 REPORTS ▼ RECORD EVENTS ▼ VIEW PROFILES ▼

APPLICATIONS ▼ SERVICES ▼

CROWLEY

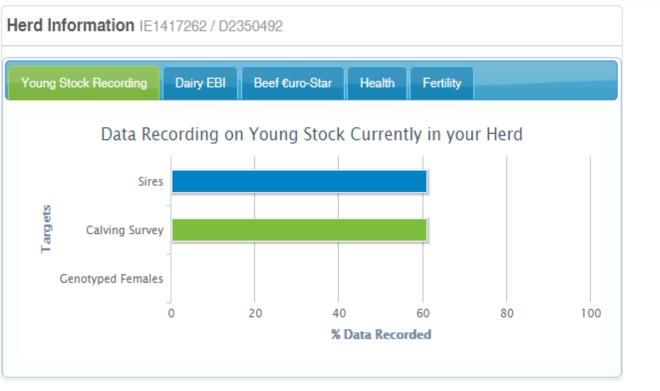
### Welcome to the new ICBF Homepage

As well as updating our home page, we have also been making changes to our Reports, Profiles and Record Events pages to improve the overall experience.

Your feedback is welcome and can be submitted here

#### Dairy Sire Advice

The latest bull proofs are now available in the Sire Advice screen. Please run the Sire Advice for your herd so we can match the most suitable bulls to your cows. The matings will then be printed on the Breeding Charts and posted to you in early April. Please click here to run Sire Advice.





### **Latest Reports**

- · 31-JAN-15 BVD Empty Result Report
- 15-JAN-15 Co-Op Performance Report
- 11-JAN-15 Dairy Cow Report
- 07-JAN-15 EBI Report
- 05-JAN-15 EBI Report
- 01-JAN-15 Annual Report

More Reports »

ICBF Bull Search

# EBI Make Up



- Sub-index Trait Weight Emphasis Emphasis
- Production

• Milk (kg) -0.09	11%
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Fertility

# EBI Make up:



•	Calving		
•	Calving difficulty dir (%) -3.52	3	9%
•	Calving difficulty mat (%) -1.73	1%	
•	Gestation (d) -7.50	4%	
•	Calf mortality (%) -2.58	1%	
•	Maintenance Cow (kg) -1.65	7%	7%
•	Beef		
•	Carcase weight (kg) 1.38	5%	9%
•	Carcase conformation (units) 10.32	2%	
•	Carcase fat (units) -11.71	1%	
•	Cull cow (kg) 0.15	1%	

# EBI make up



Health

Lameness (%) -54.26 0.6%

Mastitis (%) -77.10 1%

SCC (Loge) -43.49 2%

Management

Milking duration (seconds) 0.25 2%

Temperament (units) -33.69 2%

3%

4%

### Important to look at for longer term

- Health index only 3% of the index.
- Poor information at present.



- More info greater weighting will occur.
- Range in bulls from -7 to +7.
- Look at EBI report for herd health figure.
- Individual cows report.

### Q3. Priority sub-indexes in the EBI

	Average		Current weighting
Subindex	score*	Rank	in EBI
Fertility	1.82	1	35%
Milk	2.11	2	33%
Calving	3.66	3	10%
Health	4.4	4	3%
Management	4.73	5	4%
Maintenance	5.06	6	6%
Beef	6.22	7	9%

<sup>\*</sup> A lower average score is better reflecting the fact that more farmers selected this as there number one option.