



IRISH CATTLE BREEDING FEDERATION

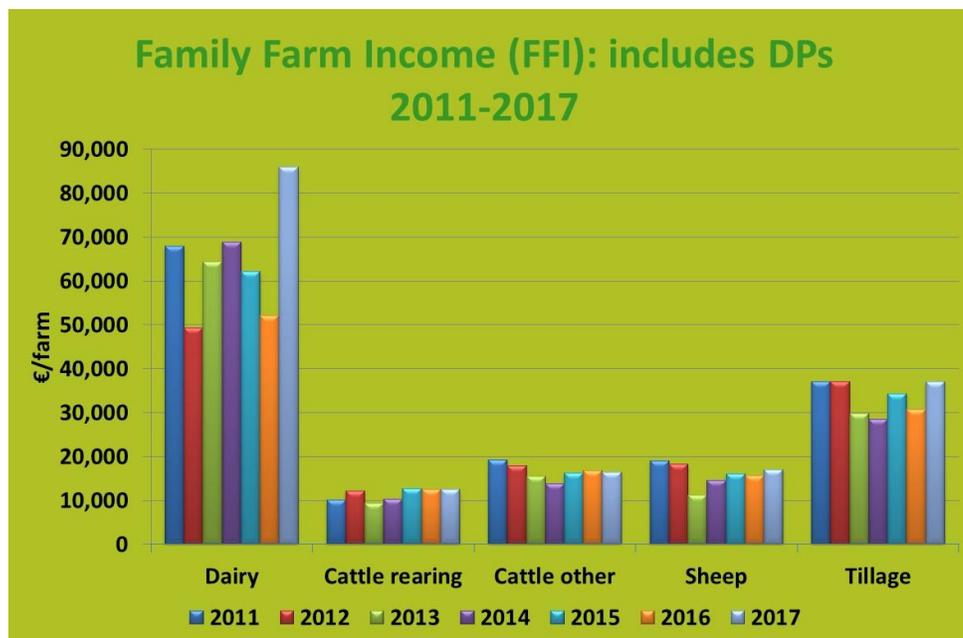
BDGP & BEEP; Key initiatives that are helping deliver greater profit and sustainability for our suckler beef farmers.



Dr Andrew Cromie, ICBF.



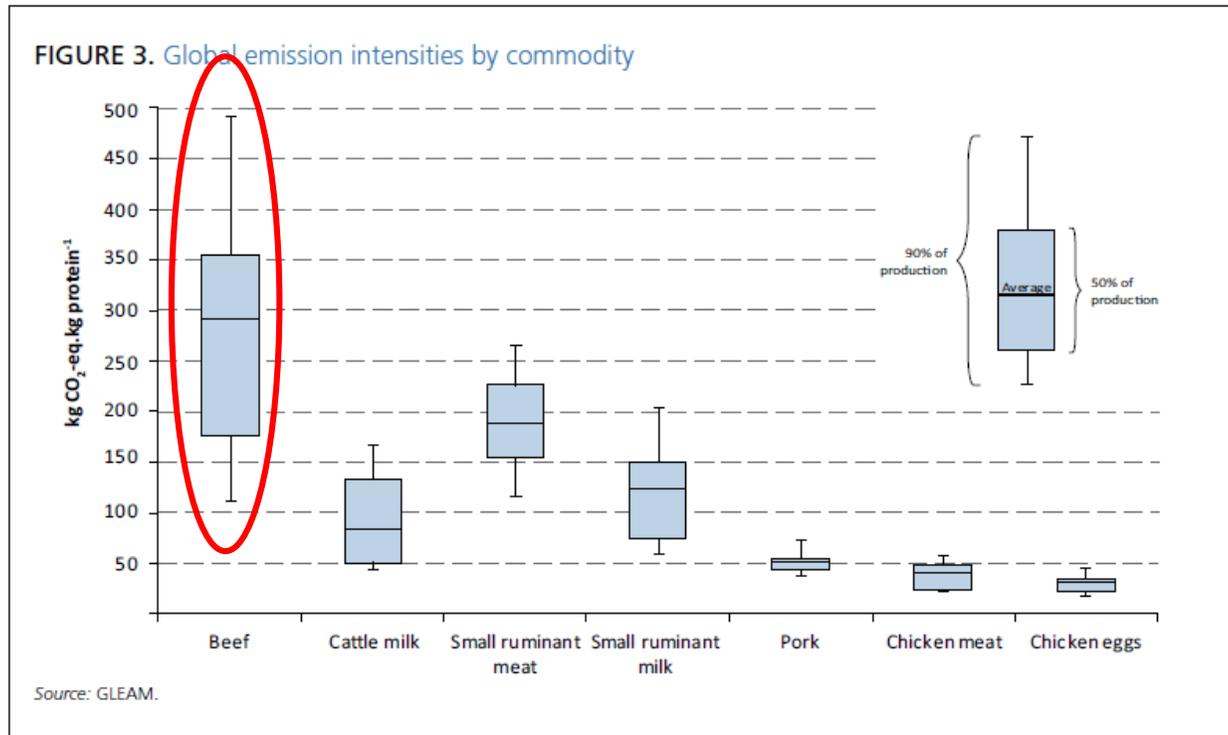
# The profitability challenge.



	2008	2008 adj <sup>1</sup>	2018
Number of farms in sample	252	-	203
Stocking rate (LU/ha)	1.95	-	2.26
Live weight output (kg/ha)	637	-	832
Gross output (€/ha)	1,203	1,435	1,921
Gross margin (€/ha)	627	859	965
Net profit (€/ha)	61	293	380
Premia (€/ha)	645	503	503
Total profit (€/ha)	706	796	883
Premia as % of total profit	91%	63%	57%

- Suckler farm profitability is low, but there are opportunities for improvements (*Dillon, 2019*).

# The sustainability challenge.



- Suckler cows are NOT carbon efficient, but lots of variation.

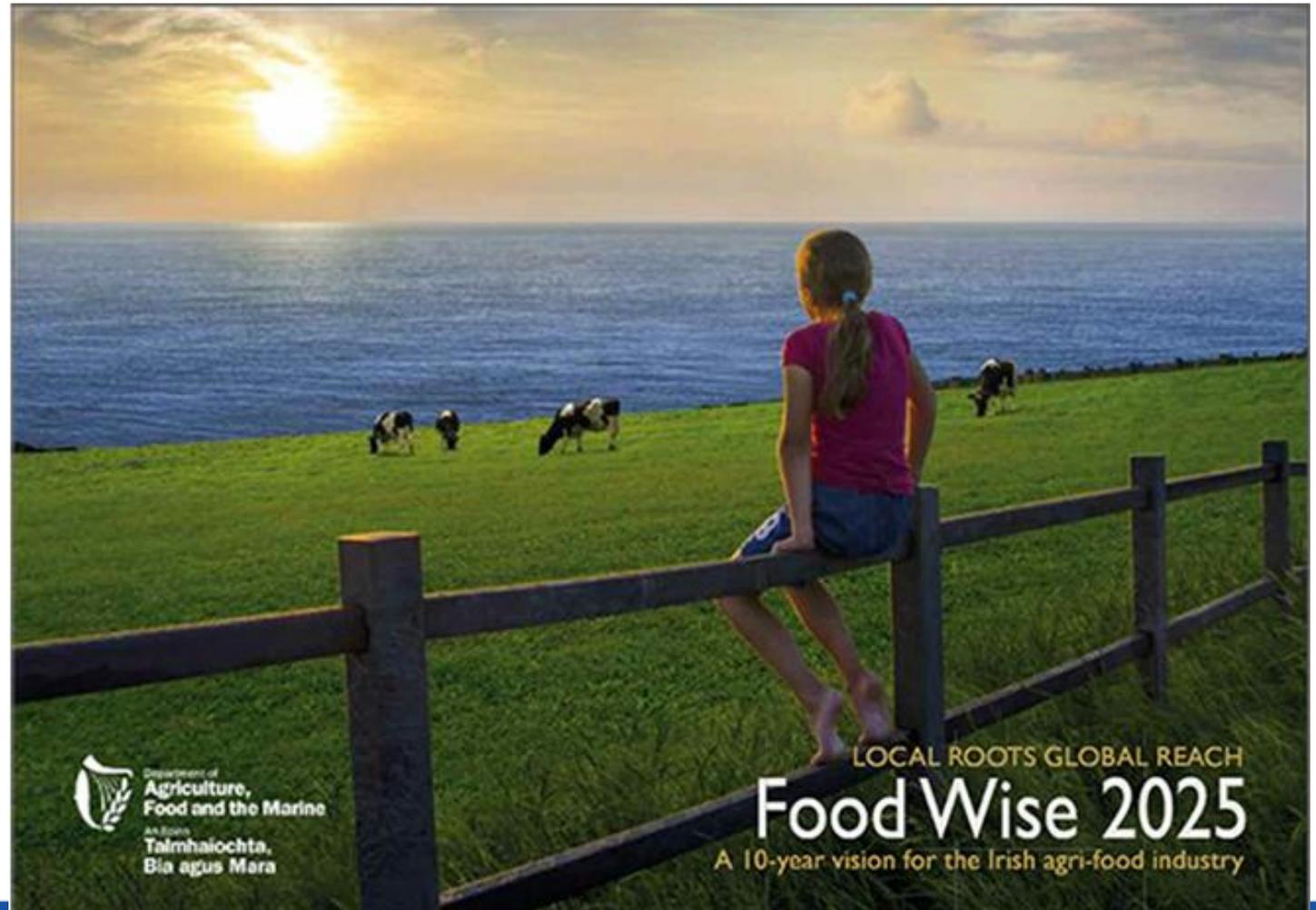
# But we need suckler cows....



- Suckler cows & beef cattle are a key part of Irelands rural infra-structure.
  - Fragmented farms, marginal land etc.
- More carbon efficient when expressed at a systems level (i.e., lower stocking rate).
- *“In the context of the food versus climate challenge, there is a requirement on countries such as Ireland to become even more efficient in their beef production”.* Searchinger 2016.

# Beef Data & Genomics Program (BDGP).

- Apply the latest DNA technology to support an important indigenous industry.
- Simultaneously addressing global challenges around GHG and food security

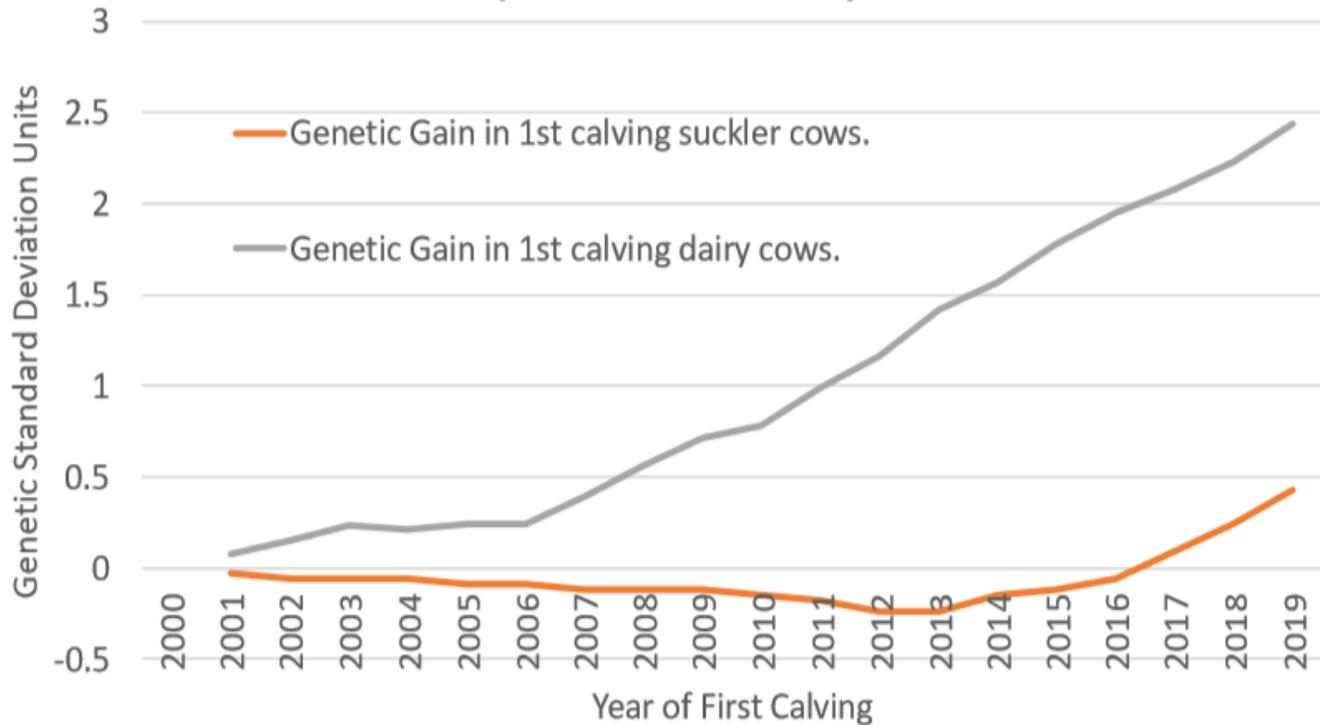


# Irish Beef Data and Genomics Program.

- More profitable, sustainable & carbon efficient cows.
- €300m total funding 6 years (2015-2020), as part of RDP.
  - Farmers paid ~€90/cow/year to complete key actions re: the scheme, e.g., data recording & targets for 4/5 star cows & bulls.
  - ~24k farms & 550k cows.
  - ~1.5m animals genotyped to-date.
  - Cost of genomic service is €20/animal.
- Additional & complimentary Beef Environmental Efficiency Pilot added in 2019.
  - Additional action around cow and calf live-weight.

# Impact of BDGP; Genetic Gain for Industry.

Rates of Genetic Gain for Irish Suckler Beef Herd compared to Irish Dairy Herd.

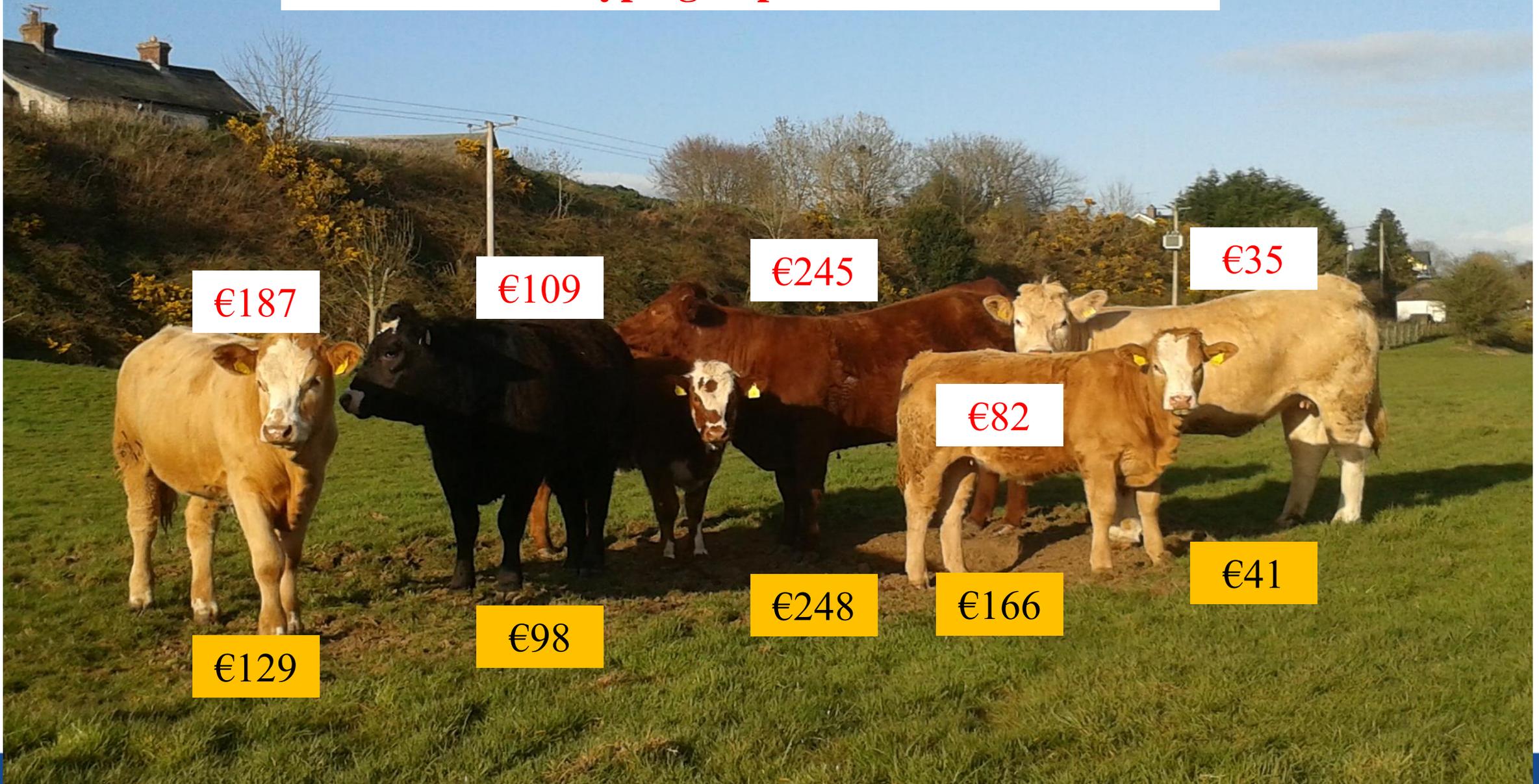


- Genetic gain in EBI unquestioned across industry.
  - Equivalent to €1.5 bn or 4 cpl in milk price.
- Could the same be achieved in Suckler beef => objectives of BDGP.
- Both EBI and Rep Index are now gaining at same rate (0.2 gsd/year). Only difference is 15 year time lag.
  - Rep Index => Has delivered ~€50m (0.15 cents/kg) to beef industry. Will grow to €300m by 2030.
- Direct impact of BDGP for Industry.

# Impact of BDGP; Genetic Gain for Farmers.



## Pre-Genotyping Replacement Indexes



€187

€109

€245

€35

€129

€98

€248

€82

€166

€41

## Post Genotyping Replacement Indexes

# Approach Taken.

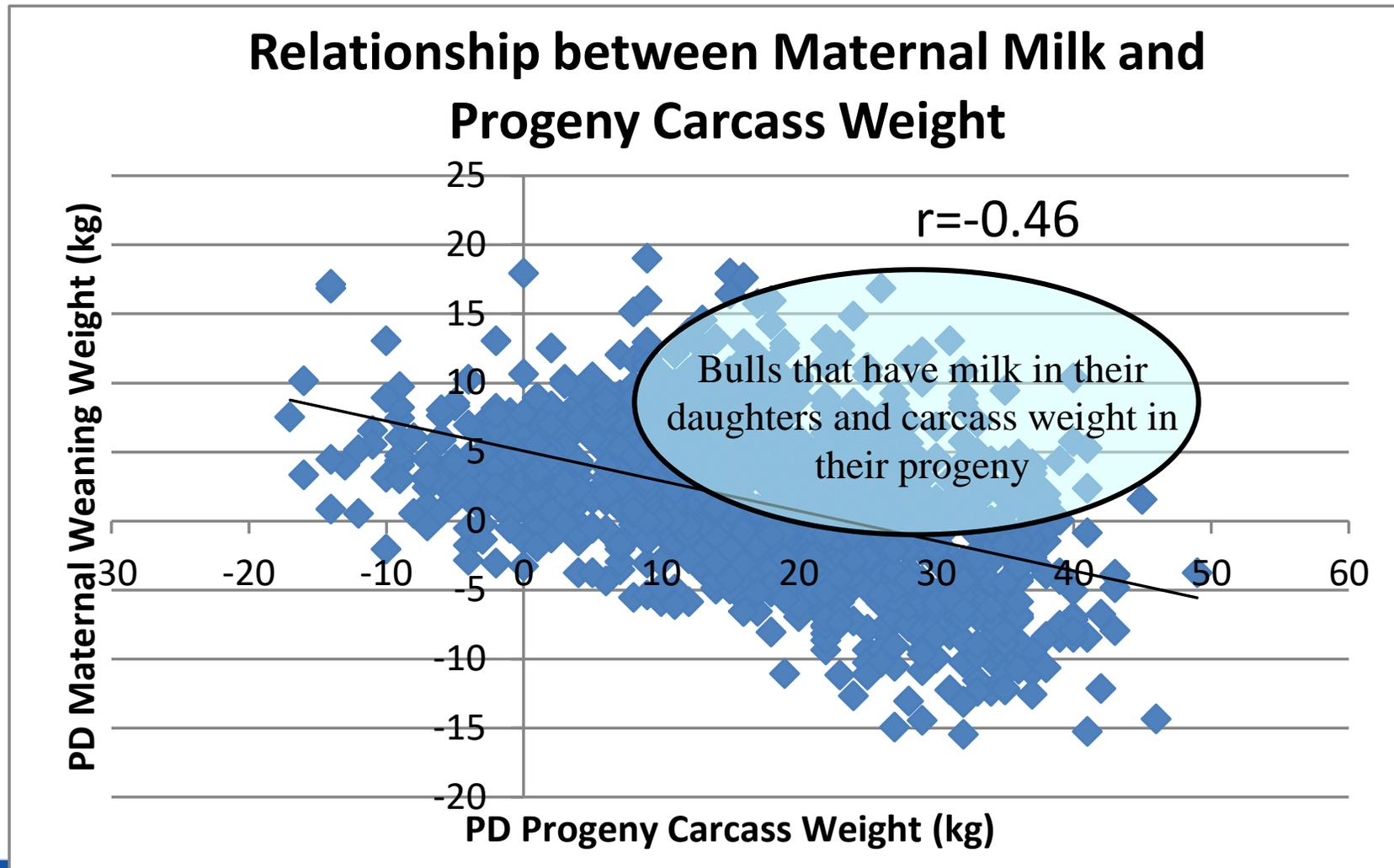
- Key question; How accurate were the initial Euro-Star evaluations at predicting future performance?
  - Proofs taken from Autumn 2016, i.e., before animals own performance data was included in the evaluation. Animals ranked on this proof.
  - Subsequent performance for key profit traits assessed for key profit traits.
- 59,466 replacement females, calving for first time between 1<sup>st</sup> January 2017 and 30<sup>th</sup> June 2017.
  - With calving, cow live-weight, calf live-weight & progeny carcass data. With a minimum of 3 cows in the contemporary group.
- Initial “raw data” presented in paper. Statistical analysis applied by Teagasc (Dr Alan Twomey) and applied for this presentation.
  - Allows for correction of non-genetic effects, such as age, parity, heterosis etc.

# Recap; Euro-Star Replacement Index.

Trait	Goal	Relative wt
Calving	Less	16%
Cow size		9%
Carcass		9%
Maternal		9%
Female fertility	More	25%
Docility	More	4%

**Emphasis:**  
**Cow traits 71%**  
**Calf traits 29%**

# Rec-cap; Identifying the “curve-benders!”



# Validation Results for Key Profit Traits\*.

Stars	Rep Index	Age 1 <sup>st</sup> calving	CI Days	Cow surv%	Calf Live-wt	Cow Live-wt	Carc wt	Carc Conf	Carc Fat
5 stars	€114	816	365	0.89	271	672	335	7.8	9.7
4 stars	€82	812	367	0.88	267	674	333	7.8	9.6
3 stars	€65	824	367	0.87	267	680	333	8.0	9.5
2 stars	€49	830	370	0.86	266	683	334	8.0	9.5
1 star	€23	846	371	0.84	267	690	334	8.0	9.6

\* Expressed relative to a 3<sup>rd</sup> parity cross-bred suckler cow.

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Diff 5 vs 1	€91	-30	-6	0.05	4	-18	1	-0.2	0.1

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Diff 5 vs 1	€91	-30	-6	0.05	4	-18	1	-0.2	0.1
E Value (€)		-0.99	-5.07	8.86	5.58	-0.55	2.1	10.2	-5.4
Overall (€)		€29.7	€30.4	€44.3	€22.3	€9.9	€2.1	€-1.7	€-0.5

- Indexes predicted a difference of €91. Actual was €137.

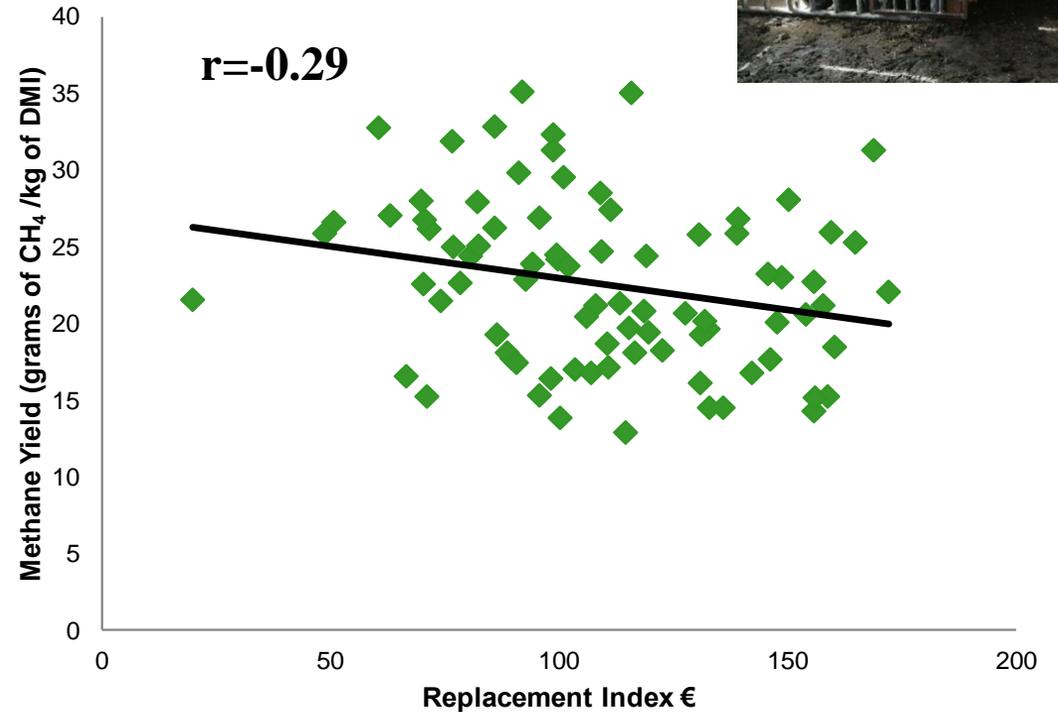
# Further opportunities.

- Opportunity to further increase genetic gain in the future;
  - Direct measurement of Methane.
  - Age at Slaughter Traits.
  - Further expansion in level of genotyping.

# 1. Direct measurement of Methane.



	N	FCR	ADG	Terminal Index	Replacement Index
CH <sub>4</sub> g/d	83	NS	NS	-0.27	-0.26
MY	83	NS	-0.22	NS	-0.24
gCH <sub>4</sub> /kgBW	83	NS	NS	-0.32	-0.29
MI	83	NS	Ns	-0.23	-0.37



- Direct measurement of methane now part of GENE IRELAND program at Tully, Kildare. Linked with various DAFM/Teagasc/UCD funded projects.
- Confirmation that selection for Rep Index => more carbon efficient cow (~-20%). Hugely significant outcomes for Irish beef (& dairy) industry.

## 2. Age at slaughter.

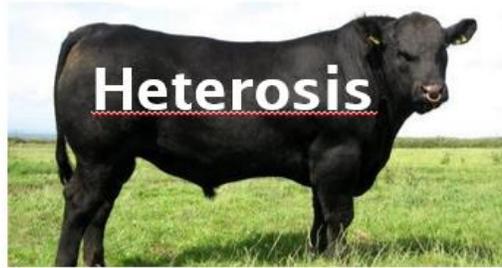
	24-month		30+	
	ANxDairy	LMxBeef	ANxDairy	LMxBeef
N animals	48,731	12,164	20,738	13,738
N weights	52,707	22,965	21,157	23,534
Life DMI	5,191	5,610.00	7131	7847
Sl Age	732	738	972	984
DMI/day (kg)	7.1	7.6	7.3	8
Sl LWT (estim. from CWT)	625	701	662	730
Sl LWT (estim. growth curve)	626	696	674	730
CWT	319	386	344	408
Conform. (1-15)	5.5	8.9	5.2	8.8
Fat (1-15)	8.8	8.4	8.8	8.2
CO <sub>2</sub> e/lifetime (kg)	3,026	3,271	4,134	4,575
CO <sub>2</sub> e/kg CWT (kg)	9.49	8.47	12.09	11.21

- Work undertaken as part of GENE IRELAND program to quantify GHG gains from breeding & systems changes (with Teagasc & ABP).
  - Suckler beef better than dairy beef, when expressed on a Cwt basis.
  - 24-month systems are ~ 25% more efficient than 30+ month systems.
  - 5-star animals ~15% more efficient, within systems (results not shown).
- Reducing age at slaughter from our suckler herd by 1 month is equivalent to not having to slaughter 50k suckler cows.

# 3. Increased level of genotyping.



**Next; Which calf is worth more?**



X



Twin?  
Sex?

Age  
Parity  
Dairy  
fraction

- Genotyping now widespread in suckler herds. Now growing in dairy herds.
- Once a calf is born (suckler beef or dairy beef) => generate a “beef value” based on its genotype.
- Updates through an animals lifetime, with additional weight data.
- Available through mart screens.
- Means of animals (especially dairy beef) with confidence.

# Summary.

- BDGP and BEEP are two initiatives that have delivered increased profitability and sustainability for suckler beef industry.
  - Genetic gain for industry – Rates of gain (0.2 gsd/year).
  - Genetic gain for farmers – Validation using on farm data (€137/prog).
  - Genetic gain for consumers/society – Direct measurement of methane (-~20% reduction in GHG output/animal).
- Despite many challenges, our suckler beef (and dairy beef) industries are in a uniquely strong position to capitalize on ongoing technical improvements.
- Close collaboration amongst many industry partners a key aspect of this (ICBF, DAFM, Teagasc, Bord Bia, AHI, meat processors...).