

Heat Detection in the Dairy Herd

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**Improving
Reproductive
Efficiency**

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graph LR; A[Improving Reproductive Efficiency] --> B[Shortening Post-partum interval]; A --> C["↑ Submission Rates  
~ Heat Detection"]; A --> D["↑ Conception Rates"];
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Shortening Post-partum interval

**↑ Submission Rates
~ Heat Detection**

↑ Conception Rates

The Effect of Different Heat Detection and Conception Rate on % of Herd Pregnant at 90 Days After Onset of Breeding Season

		Conception rate			
		60	50	40	30
Heat Detection Rate %	90	96	91	83	71
	70	91	82	73	61
	50	76	68	59	48
	40	67	59	50	40

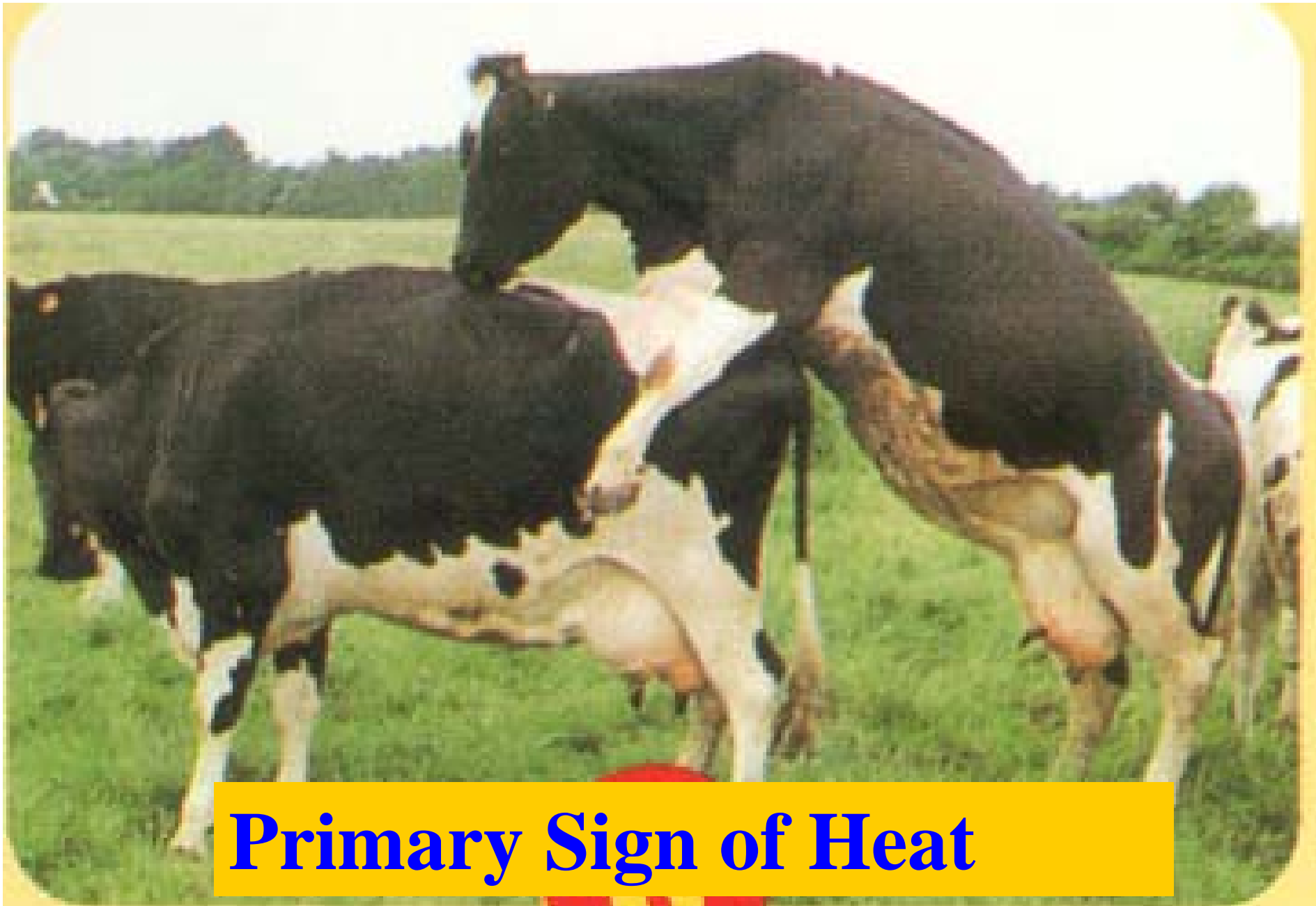
How much AI should I use in my herd ?

- **Culling rates**
- **Expansion plans**
- **The % of heifer calves that makes it through to completion of 1st lactation (75-80%).**
- **Herd conception rate.**
- **Vagaries in the proportion of heifer calves born – particularly important in small herds.**

No of straws required to produce a lactating heifer replacement

Herd CR	No Straws
40%	6.22
50%	4.98
60%	4.15
70%	3.55

20 Replacements
140
110
96
80



Primary Sign of Heat

Secondary Signs of Heat

- Sliming
- Restlessness
- Mounting activity
- Trailing other cows
- Bellowing
- Mounting or dirt marks
- Skin Marks
- Met-oestrous bleeding



**Mucous vaginal
discharge**





Chin resting

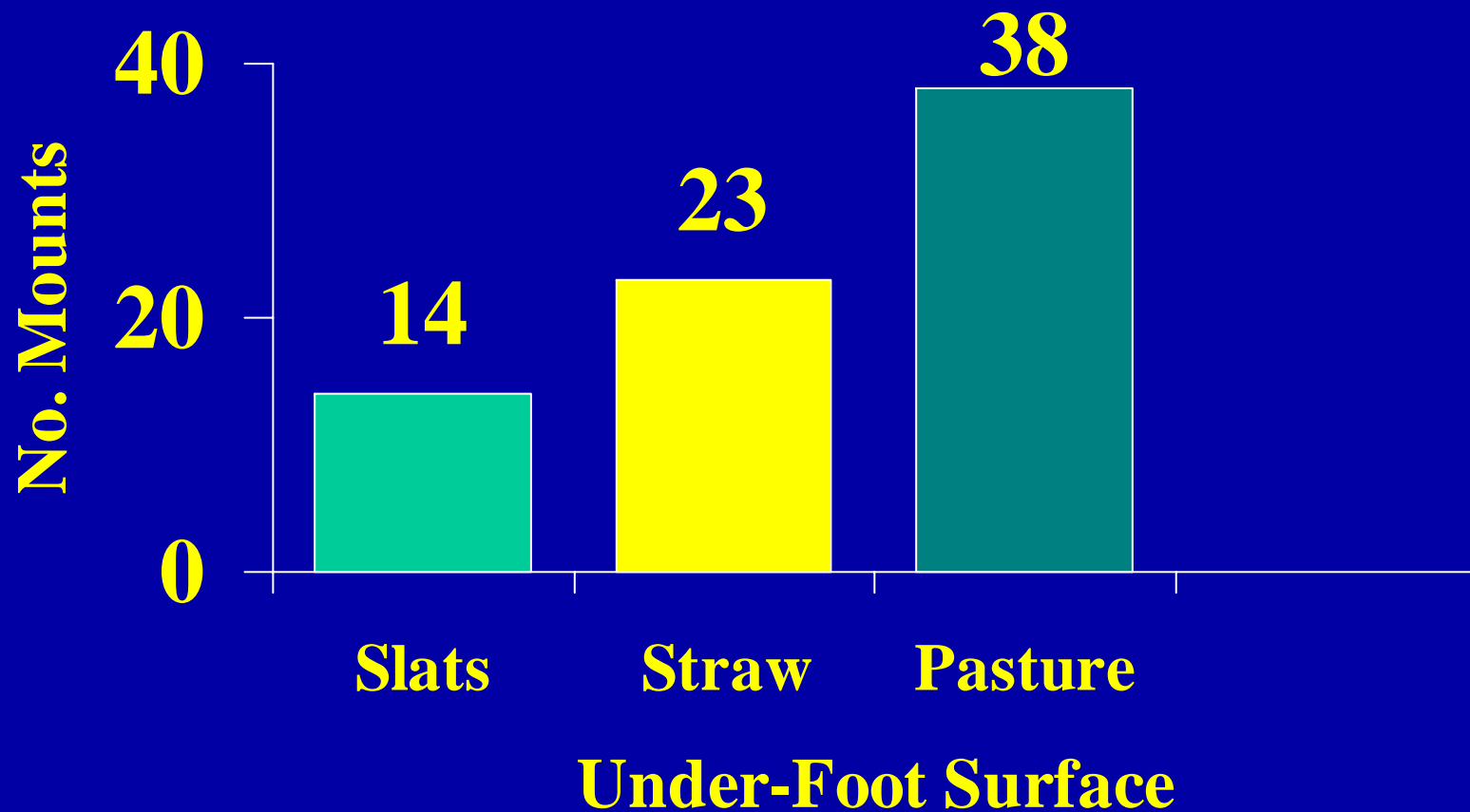
Factors Affecting Expression of Heat

- **Hormonal: Oestradiol & Progesterone**
- **Milk Production: Less in High-Producing Cows**
- **Environment & size of Sexually Active Group.**
- **Lameness**

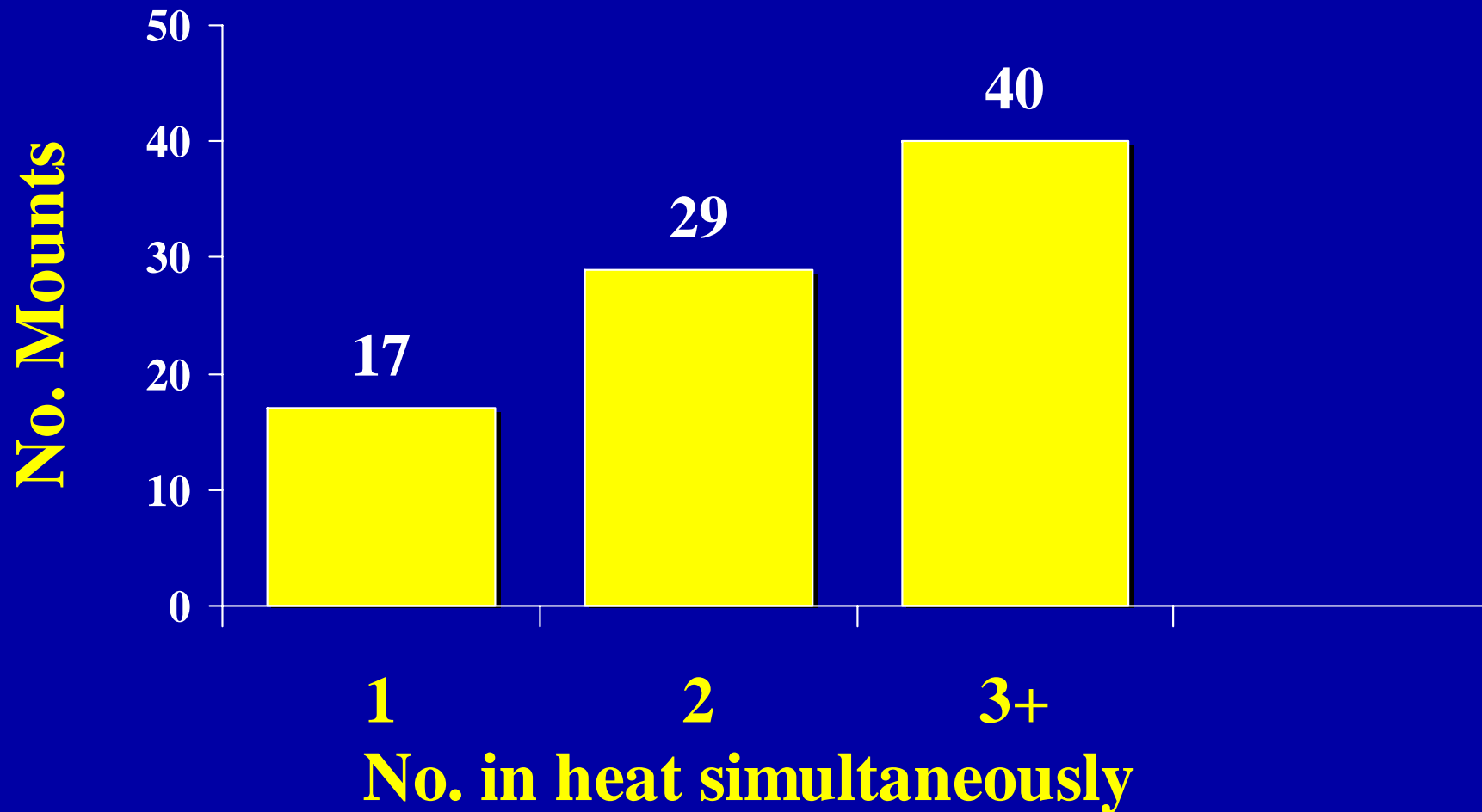
Lame Cows

- **Reduced Expression of Heat**
- **Delayed Ovulation or Ovulation Failure**

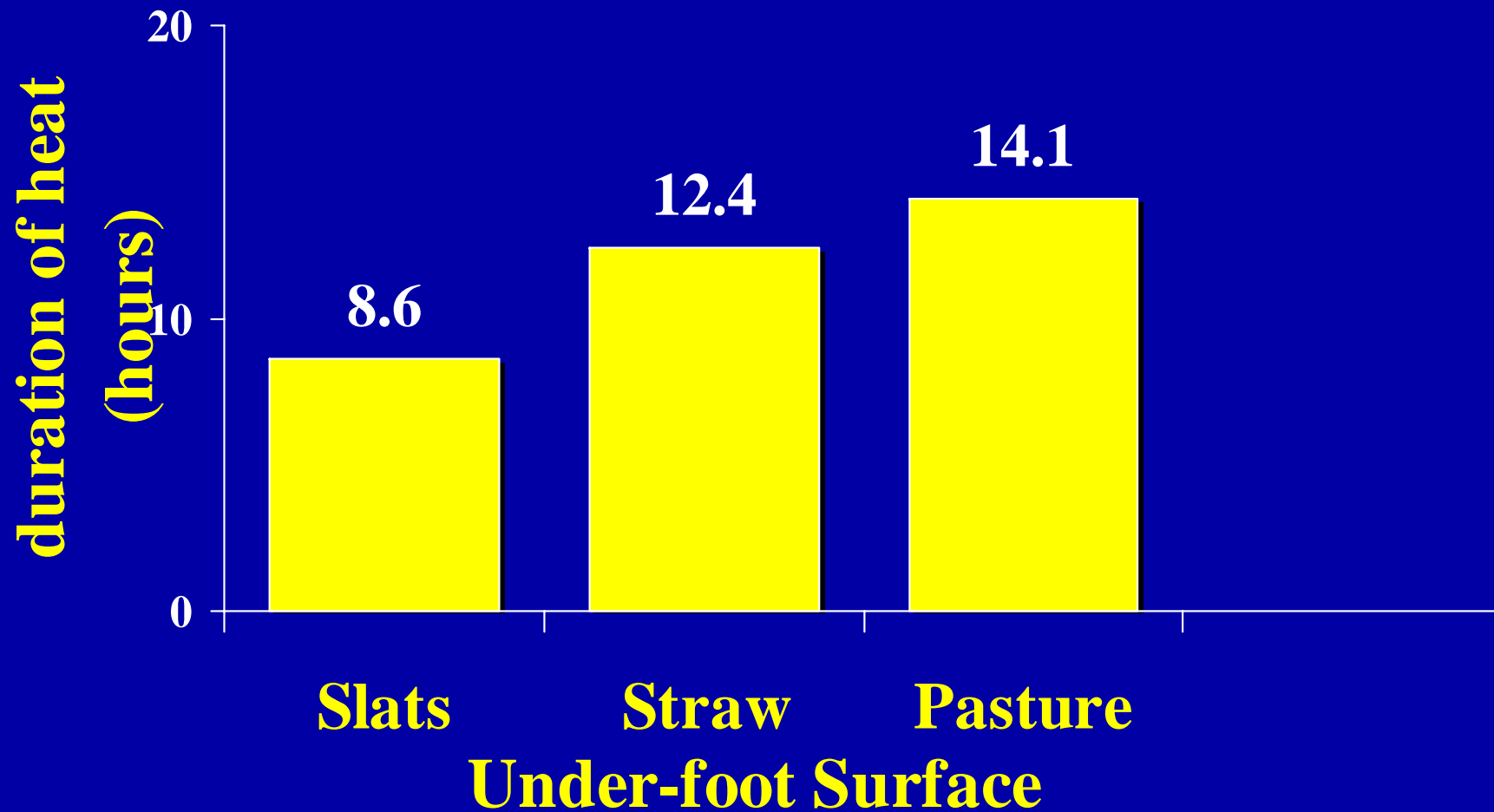
Underfoot surface on no mounts received during heat



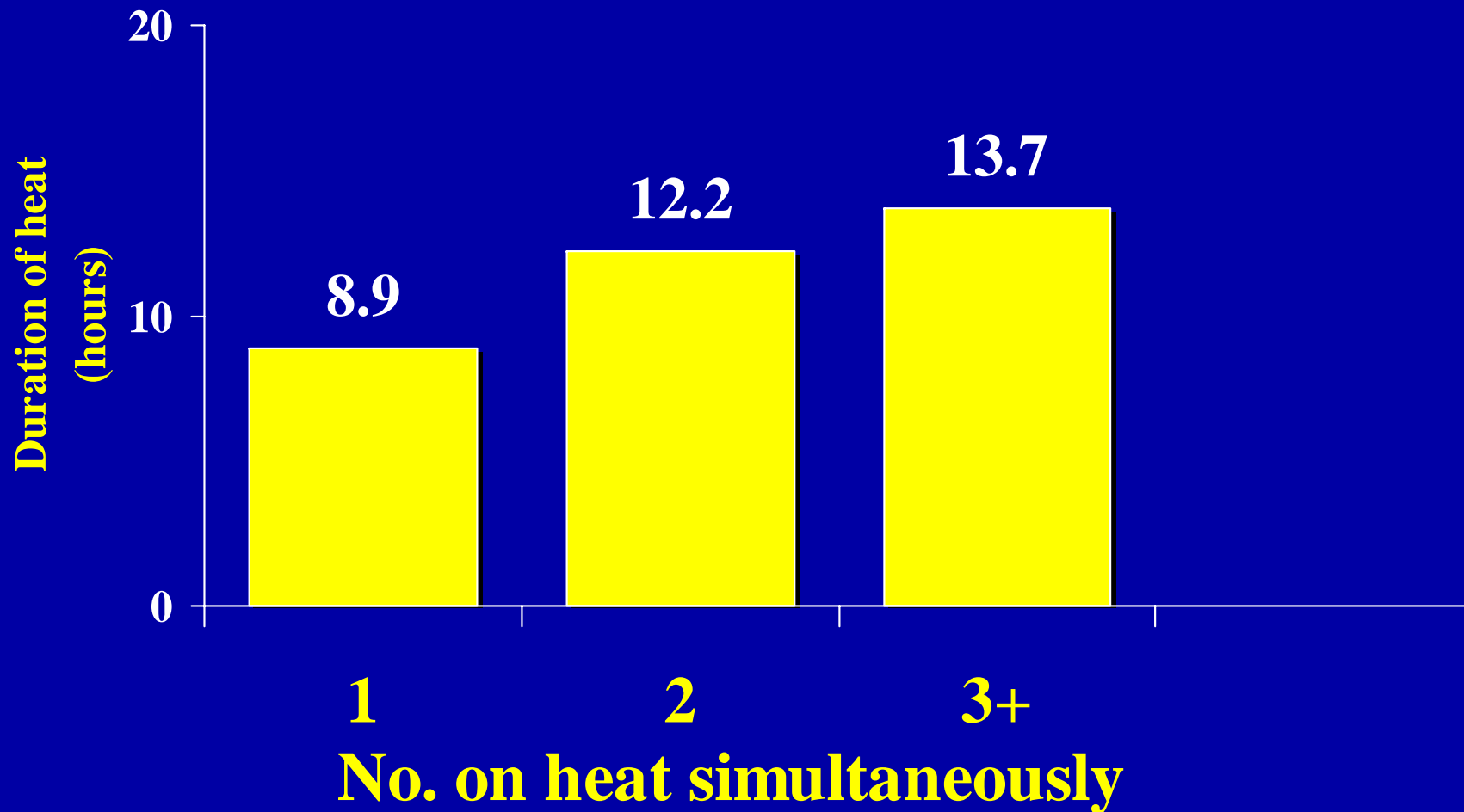
No of animals in heat simultaneously on number of mounts received during heat



Effect of underfoot surface on duration of heat



Effect of no. of animals in heat simultaneously on duration of heat



Pattern of heat Onset

**% of cows first observed
at**

7:00	10:00	13:00	16:00	23:00
47%	5%	5%	20%	20%

Aids to improve heat detection rate

- Tail paint
- Teaser Bull
- Synchronisation (Heifers)
- ***New technological aids***
- Oestrus Alert patches
- Kamars
- Pedometers





Teaser Bulls

- Use yearling bull
- Vasectomise at least 6 weeks before intended use (do it now)
- Fit with chin-ball 2-3 weeks before introduction to herd
- Castrate or sell at end of breeding season

ESTRUS ALERT™
"Exceptional Timing"
Patents Pending

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Self-Adhesive, Highly Visible



A single mounting.



After 3-5 mountings.



More than 5 mountings.

Components of a Good Heat Detection Plan

- **Commitment**
- **Understanding signs of heat**
- **Good recording and constant monitoring**
- **Use at least one Aid to Heat Detection**
- **Breed replacement heifers to dairy AI sires**
- **Judicious use of synchronisation treatments ~ heifers, “problem” & late calving cows**

New Heat Detection Technologies

- **Kamars (some good reports)**

Integrated systems: Pedometers and inline sensors

Oestrous /Ovulation Control regimens

Oestradiol Benzoate (ODB) no longer available

Prostaglandin (PG) -based systems

- ~ Heifers
- Fertility: Normal 60-70%)

Progesterone + GnRH + PG (PRIDs & CIDRs)

- ~ individual cows + anoestrous cows
- Fertility: Variable but generally low

Ovsynch or modified Ovsynch

- Herd or individual cow application
- Fertility: 10% below breeding at spontaneous heat

Day 5

PG to “non-responders”

PG

Detect oestrous for 5-6 days

Oestrus detection and AI for 5 days

Day 17

PG to “non-AI’ed”

PG

Oestrus detection and AI for 5 days

Alternative prostaglandin regimen

Costs and Projected outcome

	2PG + Fixed Time AI @48 & 72 hours	HD for 6 days & PG and HD
No Heifers	20	20
Vet costs	120	60
Drug costs	160	56
Semen (10)	400	180
AI	400 (€1080)	360 (€656)
no calves	12	12
No Heifer calves	6	6
Cost per heifer Calf	180	109
Repeat AI		
Semen	60	60
No calves	4	4
No Heifer Calves	2	2
Cost per heifer calf	143	90

Summary

- 90% of heifers bred in 10-11 days
- Good fertility, calving rates of 60-70%.
- Minimizes drug usage
- Minimizes semen usage
- Minimizes veterinary visits

Heat Detection Plan

- **Day - 42: Prepare Teaser bull(s)**
- **Day - 42: Calculate number of dairy AI straws required & order**
- **Day -21: Tail paint all cows & heifers and commence twice daily heat detection & recording**
- **Re-paint cows & heifers once weekly**
- **Day 0: Commence Trice daily (30 minutes each time) heat detection of cows and replacement heifers. (Place teaser bull with heifers ?)**
- **AI all cows and heifers observed in heat or with clear evidence of tail paint removed. Re-paint cows once weekly**
- **Only use dairy AI straws**

Note : “Heat Detection patches” or “Kamars” can be used instead Tail paint

Heat Detection Plan – Cont.

- Review list of cows calved 42 days and not recorded in heat during 3 weeks pre-breeding. Treat if necessary.
- Day 6: Administer PG to heifers not yet AI'ed
- Day 21: Calculate 21-day submission rate. Identify cows & heifers calved 42+ days and not yet AI'ed. Treat as necessary
- Day 28: Place Teaser bull(s) with cows.
- Day 42: Review heat detection/submission rates to date. Identify cows & heifers calved 42+ days and not yet AI'ed. Treat as necessary
- Continue using dairy AI until required number of dairy AI straws is used.

Note : “Heat Detection patches” or “Kamars” can be used instead Tail paint

