

ICBF Dairy Industry Meeting.

Teagasc, Moorepark 23rd November 2007.



Agenda

- Changes proposed for Nov/Dec 2007
 - EBI Developments Laurence Shalloo.
 - Updating calving performance Francis Kearney
 - Updating linear type proofs Francis Kearney
 - Roll-out of proofs & plans for 2008
- For Information
 - Improving female fertility evaluations Kate Twomey (Donagh Berry)
 - · Use of insemination data.
 - Across breed proofs Ross Evans.
- Any other business

EBI Development

Overview

• Milk price assumption

• Sensitivity around feed prices

Review 2007

Quota to Land Limiting

• Protein to fat value increased from 2 to 1 to 2.7

to 1

Update all costs and Prices

- Many changes have occurred to predicted prices in 2007;
 - Milk price
 - Grain price
- Some of reasons for these changes;
 - Biofuels
 - Global warming Australia
 - Demand for dairy products

Assumptions for 2008

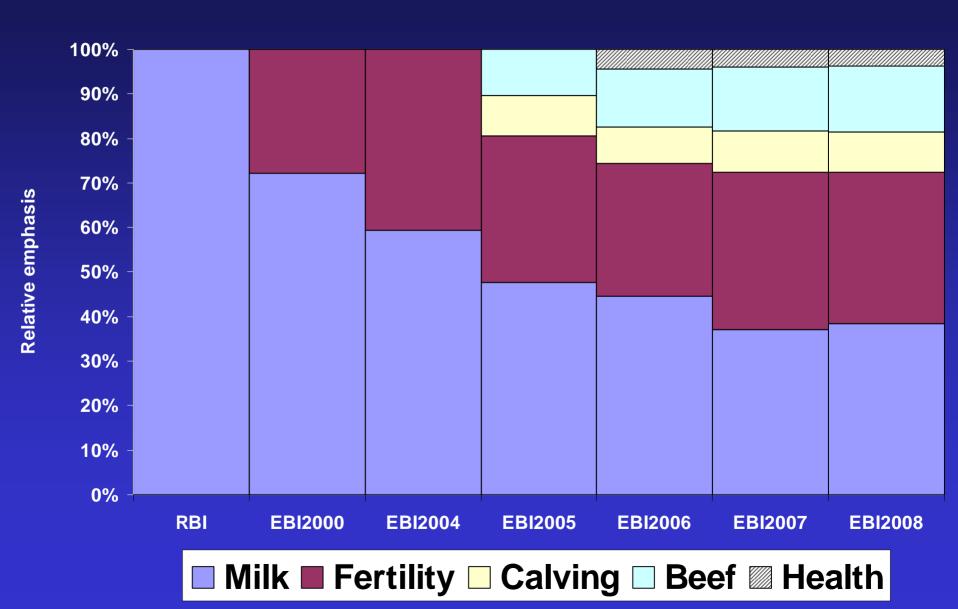
- All costs and prices
- Concentrate costs at €250/tonneDM
- Opportunity cost of land €500/Ha
- Milk price
 - -28c/1

| | | | In | dex | | |
|---------------------|---------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| | | Current | 26c/l | 28c/l | 30c/l | |
| Milk Yield | \Rightarrow | -0.085 | -0.09 | -0.09 | -0.09 | |
| Fat Yield | | 0.96 | 0.92 | 1.09 | 1.26 | |
| Protein Yield | | 5.36 | 6.05 | 6.48 | 6.91 | |
| CIV | | -10.87 | -11.83 | -11.9 | -11.97 | |
| Survival | | 10.51 | 10.31 | 10.74 | 11.17 | |
| Direct CD | | -3.26 | -3.56 | -3.6 | -3.65 | |
| Maternal CD | | -1.73 | -1.73 | -1.73 | -1.73 | |
| Gestation | | -6.8 | -7.5 | -7.5 | -7.5 | |
| Calf mortality | | -2.85 | -2.85 | -2.85 | -2.85 | |
| Cow Wt | | 0.04 | -0.51 | -0.51 | -0.51 | |
| Carcass weight | | 1.38 | 1.38 | 1.38 | 1.38 | |
| Carcass conformatio | n | 10.32 | 10.32 | 10.32 | 10.32 | |
| Carcass fat | | -11.71 | -11.71 | -11.71 | -11.71 | |
| Somatic cell count | | -55.48 | -56.42 | -56.89 | -57.21 | |
| Locomotion | | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.13 | |
| | | | | | | |

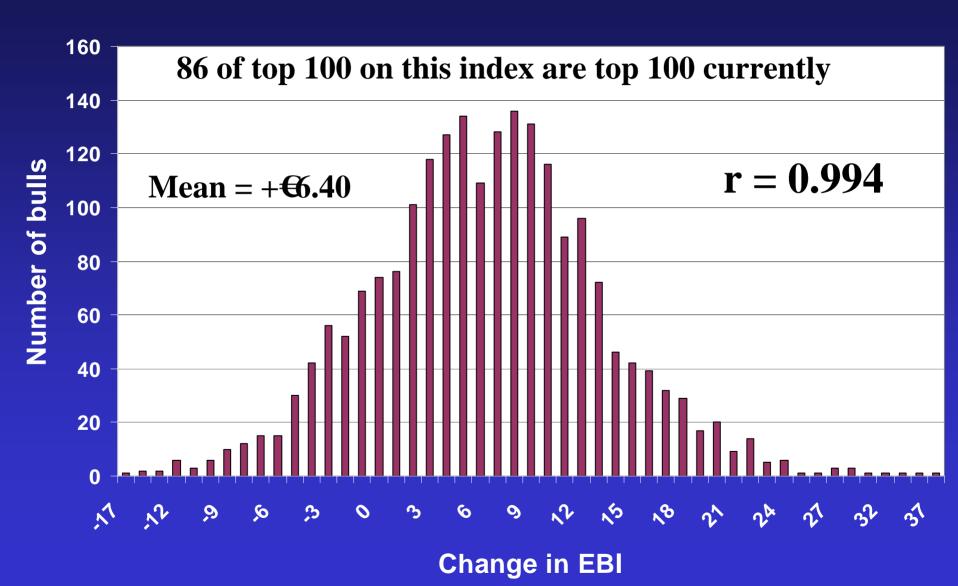
Cull cow

- Revenue \rightarrow more carcase and higher price
 - No change
- Feed costs based on land limiting
 - − Costs → growth & maintenance
 - Feed costs increased to €176/tDM
 - Feed costs €0.163/UFL
- Old economic weight = + €0.04
- New economic weight = -**60.513**

Relative emphasis – 28 c/l



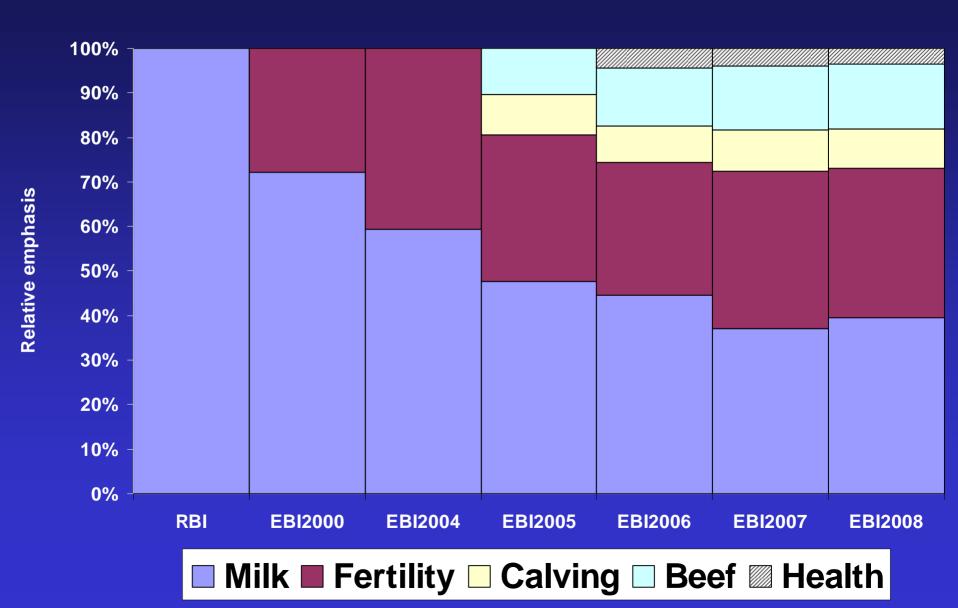
Impact on sire-proofs (n=2100; 28c/l)



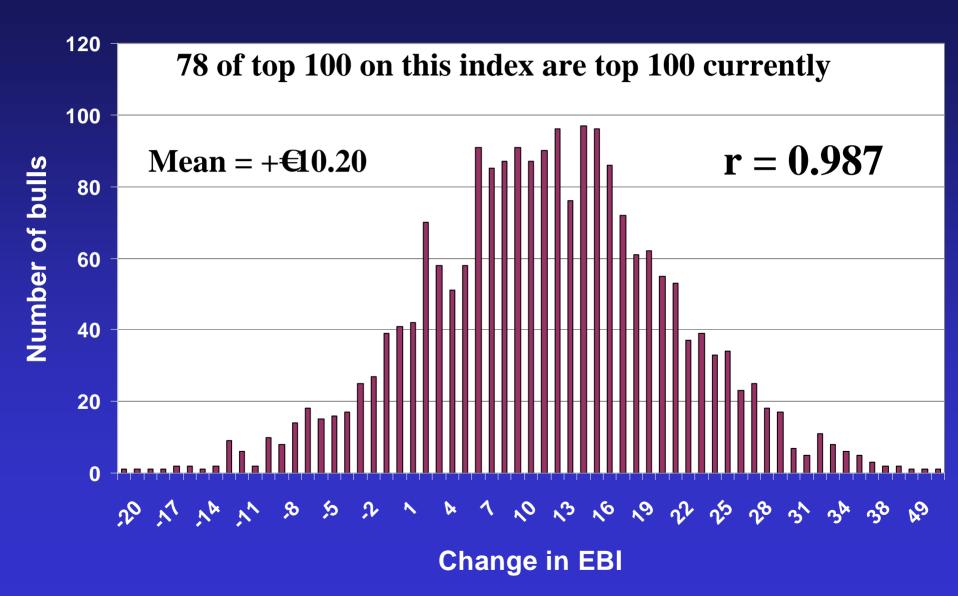
Top 75 bulls – 28 c/l

| Trait | Mean | Minimum | Maximum | |
|-----------------------------|-------|---------|---------|--|
| Milk Yield | 54 | -445 | 637 | |
| Fat Yield | 10 | -10 | 26 | |
| Protein Yield | 6 | -9 | 21 | |
| CIV | -4.6 | -8.7 | -0.1 | |
| Survival | 2.6 | 0.6 | 6.8 | |
| Direct CD | -3.8 | -5.2 | 1.4 | |
| Maternal CD | 4.6 | -2.1 | 10.1 | |
| Gestation | -1.6 | -4.2 | 2.5 | |
| Calf mortality | -0.5 | -2.0 | 0.9 | |
| Cow Wt | -3 | -40 | 19 | |
| Carcass weight | -4 | -48 | 17 | |
| Carcass conformation | -0.35 | -1.17 | 0.75 | |
| Carcass fat | 0.02 | -0.68 | 0.94 | |
| Somatic cell count | 0.01 | -0.23 | 0.22 | |
| Locomotion | -0.12 | -2.10 | 2.14 | |
| | | | | |

Relative emphasis – 30 c/l



Impact on sire-proofs (n=2100; 30 c/l)



Top 75 bulls – 30 c/l

| Trait | Mean | Minimum | Maximum | _ |
|----------------------|-------|---------|---------|---|
| Milk Yield | 94 | -445 | 637 | |
| Fat Yield | 11 | -10 | 26 | |
| Protein Yield | 8 | -5 | 21 | |
| CIV | -4.3 | -8.7 | -0.1 | |
| Survival | 2.5 | 0.0 | 6.8 | |
| Direct CD | -3.8 | -5.2 | 1.4 | |
| Maternal CD | 4.6 | -2.1 | 10.1 | |
| Gestation | -1.6 | -4.2 | 2.5 | |
| Calf mortality | -0.6 | -2.0 | 0.9 | |
| Cow Wt | -3 | -40 | 15 | |
| Carcass weight | -4 | -48 | 15 | |
| Carcass conformation | -0.39 | -1.17 | 0.75 | |
| Carcass fat | 0.02 | -0.68 | 0.94 | |
| Somatic cell count | 0.01 | -0.23 | 0.22 | |
| Locomotion | -0.13 | -2.10 | 2.14 | |

Feed costs

- Concentrate at €250/tonneDM or €0.223/UFL
- First cut grass silage costs €127/tonne DM or €0.158/UFL
- Second cut grass silage costs €142/tonne DM or

€0.184/UFL

• Maize silage costs €130/tonne DM or €0.163/UFL

Sensitivity around feed costs

Sensitivity

- €125/t DM €0.116/UFL
- €150/t DM €0.139/UFL
- €175/t DM €0.162/UFL
- €200/t DM €0.185/UFL
- €225/t DM €0.203/UFL
- €250/t DM €0.231/UFL

Feed cost variation at 28c/l milk price

| | Feed Input Costs €T | 175 | 125 | 150 | 200 | 225 | 250 |
|-----------|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Yield | Protein | 6.48 | 6.724 | 6.604 | 6.364 | 6.26 | 6.13 |
| | Fat | 1.09 | 1.604 | 1.355 | 0.858 | 0.610 | 0.361 |
| | Milk | -0.09 | -0.081 | -0.086 | -0.095 | -0.099 | -0.104 |
| Fertility | Survival | 10.74 | 12.13 | 11.46 | 10.17 | 9.45 | 8.776 |
| | Calving Interval | -11.90 | -8.64 | -10.21 | -13.37 | -14.94 | -16.52 |
| Beef | Cow carcase wgt | -0.51 | -0.151 | -0.328 | -0.667 | -0.842 | -1.011 |

Feed cost variation at 30c/l milk price

| | Feed Input Costs €T | 175 | 125 | 150 | 200 | 225 | 250 |
|-----------|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Yield | Milk | -0.09 | -0.081 | -0.086 | -0.094 | -0.099 | -0.103 |
| | Fat | 1.257 | 1.772 | 1.523 | 1.026 | 0.777 | 0.528 |
| | Protein | 6.912 | 7.160 | 7.040 | 6.801 | 6.681 | 6.561 |
| Fertility | Survival | 11.17 | 12.56 | 11.89 | 10.55 | 9.880 | 9.210 |
| | Calving Interval | -11.97 | -8.71 | -10.28 | -13.44 | -15.02 | -16.59 |
| Beef | Cow carcase wgt | -0.51 | -0.151 | -0.328 | -0.667 | -0.842 | -1.011 |

Recommendation

• Little effect on economic values

Economic value for live-weight is negative

28c/l milk price projection

Update feed costs

- Switching to new software and new model
- Include more data (>5th lact) and evaluations on both males and females
 - Increase reliability
- Also looking at heifers v later lactations

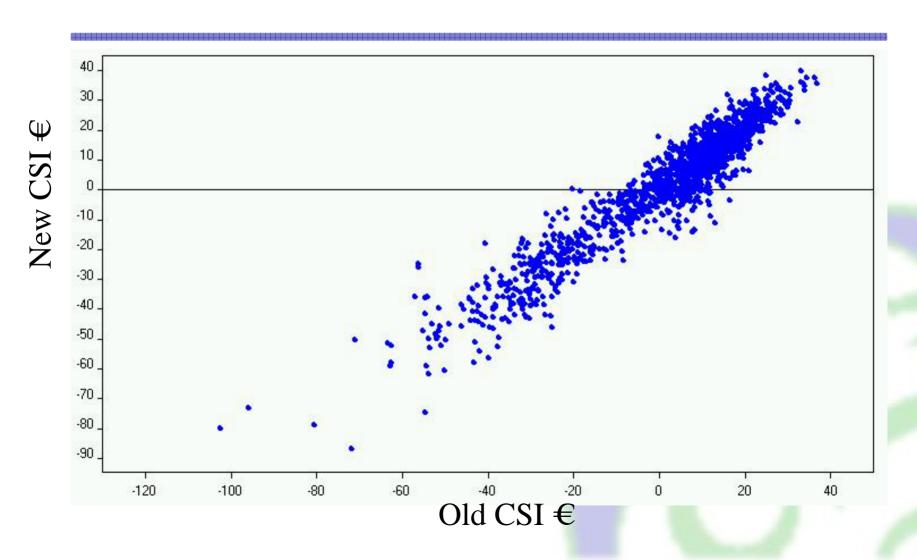
Means/Std Dev AI bulls

| | CD | MCD | GEST | MORT | CSI |
|-----|-----------|---------|------------|-----------|--------|
| New | -1.69/3.3 | 2.4/2.4 | -0.16/1.99 | -0.07/0.6 | 2.6/19 |
| Old | -1.63/3.4 | 2.6/2.6 | -0.17/1.86 | -0.07/0.7 | 2.3/19 |

Correlation to previous proofs

| CD | MCD | GEST | MORT | CSI |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0.91 | 0.87 | 0.95 | 0.8 | 0.95 |

Reliability increased by ~15%



- Initial analysis of first vs later lactations
 - Correlation of 0.8
 - More work is need before any implementation
 - Genetic paramaters
 - Publication options?

Publication

- Currently expressed as PTA with range from -6 to +30
- For beef decided to always express CD & MCD as positive figure
 - 6 added to PTA after subindex calculated
 - Inituitively easier to understand
- In order to be consistent, propose to do the same with the dairy proofs
 - Easiest calving bulls would be around 0%
- Con in order to construct calving SI need to subtract 6 from CD and MCD before applying economic value

Summary

- High correlations
- Higher reliabilty
- Software provides much technical & opertational advantages

Recommendations

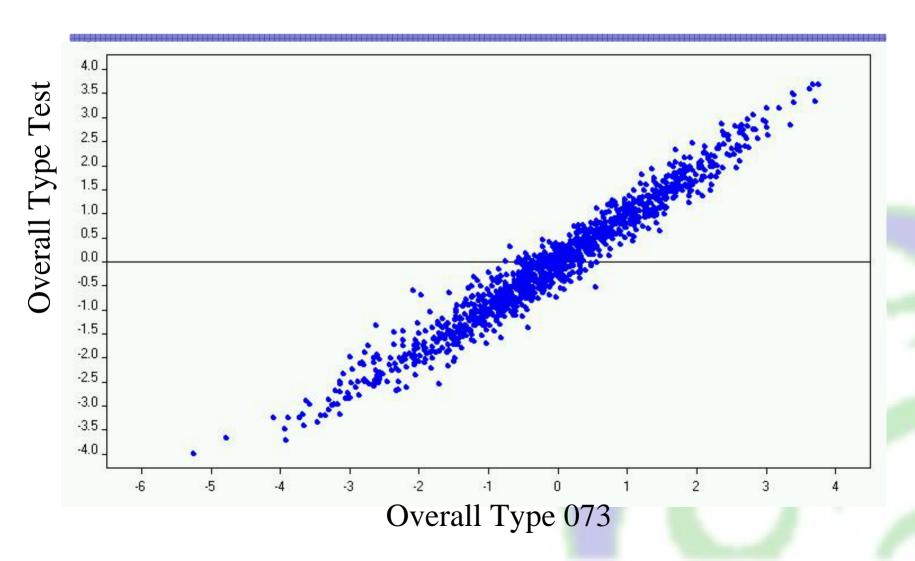
- Move to new software for evaluation
- Add 6 to PTA for CD and MCD
- Continue work on 1st v later parity
- Participate in Interbull as soon as possible

New definition of Overall Type

| | Dairy | Feet & Legs | Mammary | Rump | Body |
|--------|----------|-------------|---------|------|------|
| | Strength | | | | |
| Old TM | 25 | 25 | 40 | 10 | 0 |
| New TM | 0 | 35 | 40 | 0 | 25 |

Body = 0.974*STA + 0.184*CW - 1.060*BD - 0.545*ANG - 0.167*RA - 0.335*RW

- More emphasis on Feet & Legs
- · Less on angularity & body depth
- Overall correlation 0.98
- See handout for individual bulls



- New Irish base & scale also being investigated
- Based on bulls born 1989 to 1998 with
 - At least 20 Irish scored daughters or
 - At least 20% of daughter are Irish
- · Results only obtained yesterday
- Too early to implement

- Recommendation
 - Move to new definition of overall type
 - Continue to investigate new base and scale

Roll-out of proofs.

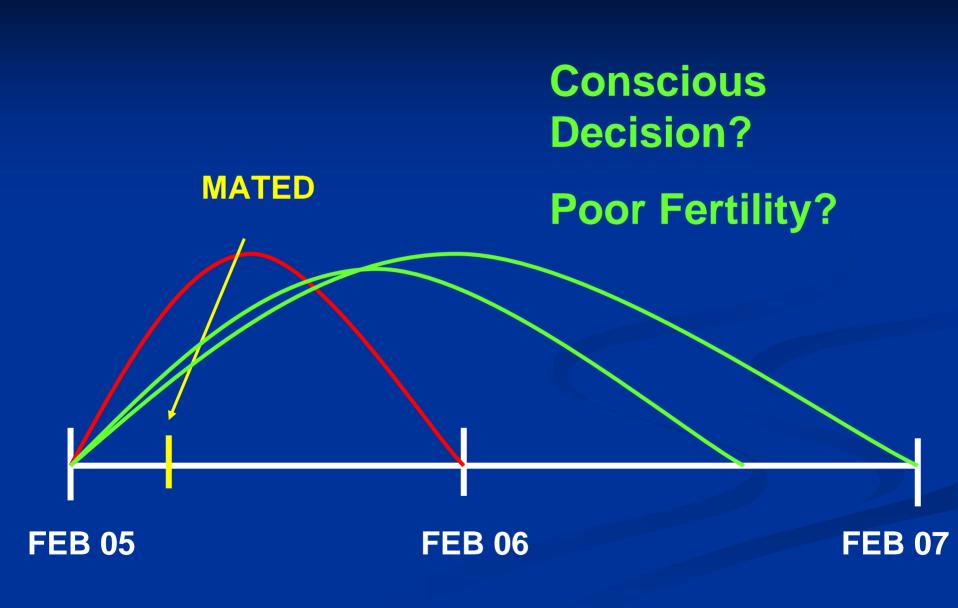
- Agree proposed changes today.
- · Recommendations to ICBF board.
- Plan for official proof release;
 - Interbull evaluation December 07
 - Further domestic evaluation (all traits) –
 January 07
 - Official proofs ~ 25th January 2008.

Fertility evaluations

Kate Twomey

Objective

To use insemination data to identify cows that were bred in an attempt to calve within a year



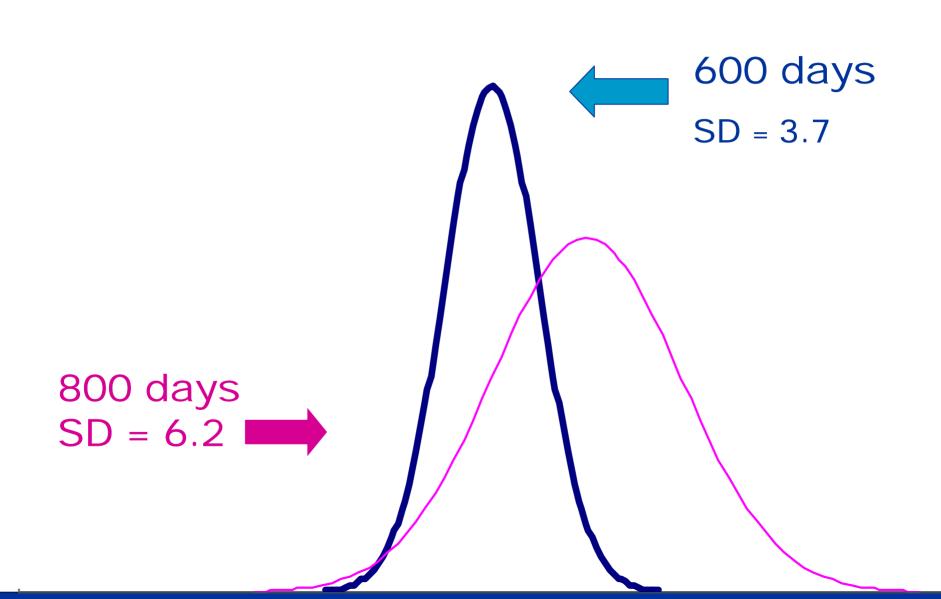
Data

- Data used were that included in national genetic evaluations
 - Parity 1 to 3
- Current situation
 - Calving interval >600 set to missing
- Proposal
 - If inseminated <150 days then include calving interval up to 800 days
 - If no insemination data or inseminated >150 then include data up to 600 days

Calving interval records

| Parity | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|
| Current | 805762 | 649783 | 502161 |
| New (also including data between 600 and 800 days) | 834794 | 671959 | 517301 |
| Diff. | 29032 | 22176 | 15140 |

Impact of edit on sire variation



Correlations between current CIV proofs and after edit

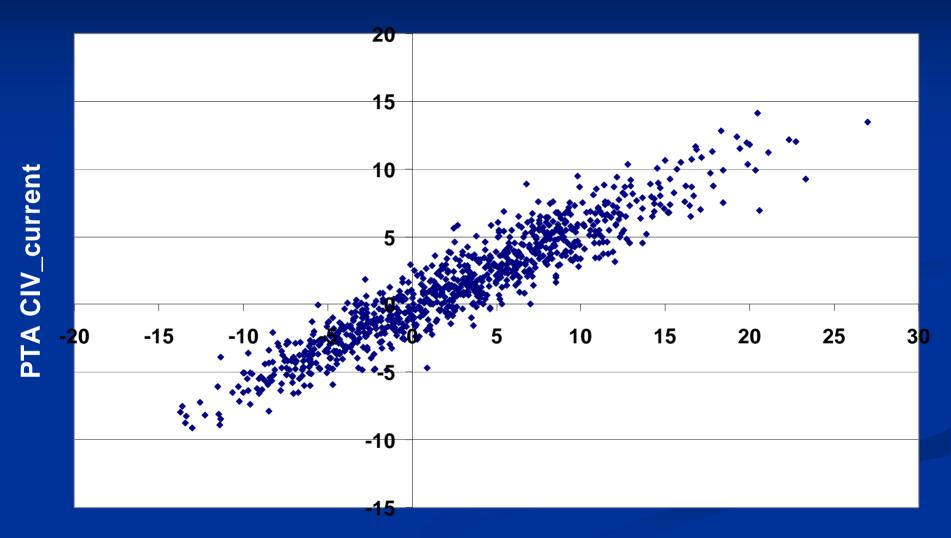
Correlation between all animals:

- Lactation 1 = 0.94
- Lactation 2 = 0.95
- Lactation 3 = 0.94

Correlation between AI sires:

- Lactation 1 = 0.93
- Lactation 2 = 0.94
- Lactation 3 = 0.93

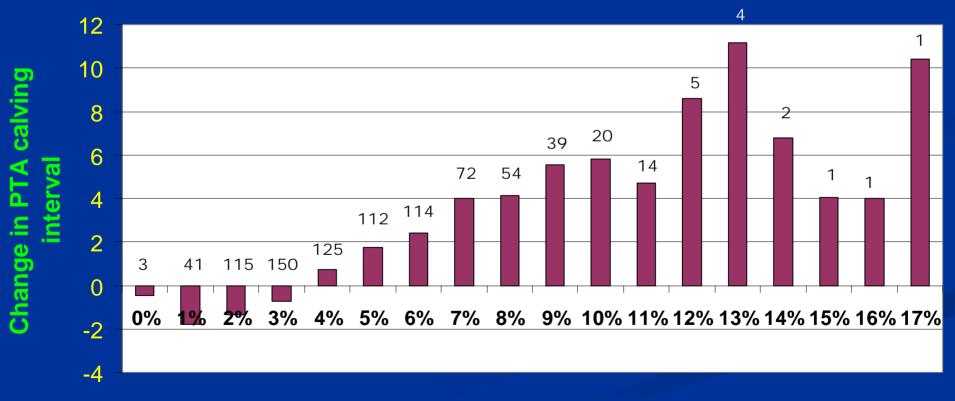
Sire proofs Current CIV proofs v. new CIV proofs



PTA CIV_new

Change in sire CIV PTA

Lactation 1 (similar results for lactation 2 & 3) Sire with >100 daughters (n=873)



Proportion of calving interval data between 600 and 800 days

Conclusions

- 3% more data by including data between 600 and 800 days
- EBVs more reflective of reality penalises lower fertility bulls
- Future work use calving to first service in multi-trait analysis



Update on heterosis and handling of breeds in evaluations

Teagasc, Moorepark 23th November 2007



Background

- Evaluations are now across breed for all traits
- Increase in numbers of predominant breeds and crosses between these breeds
- Differentiation of heterosis in different crosses
- Handling of minority breeds, grouping of breeds
- Previous meeting: Issue of how to handle missing fractions on animals
- Specific case of IHFA grade up herds
 - Action: examine the consequences of updating animals to all available breed information

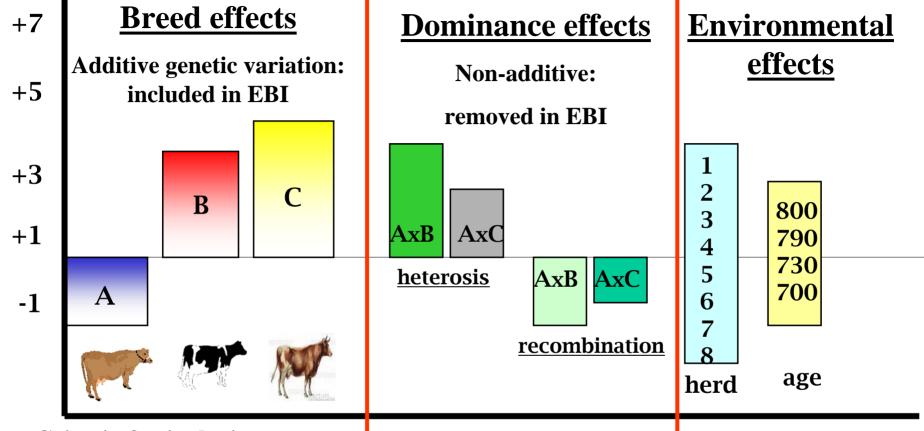
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 12 15 | W. | | MI. | |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| - | JIM D | BALL' E-XRJZ- | 0113-X JNTY | | | Herd: | IE331 | 0189 ree Ind | 50 25 25 | Fema % Purel % Holst % Fries | ored Re | egistration rade: A | n ASR | | Goes fr | | | | | | |
| reeder: BALLYKINASH CARRIG BIRR CO TIPPERARY 050922119 of issue: 22-NOV-2007 | | | | | | tic Mer Rel. 45 | | 30-SEP BF 10.5 CI Days -3.3 | Ptn 6.0 | BF% 0.18 O FL -1.1 | Ptn% 0.09 O M/ -1.5 | | IE-X Born: | RJ | Z-0 | 113 | | | | | |
| | DA TOF | | | | | | JUDI | TER 1 | 61 | | | | | 1121 | JONICAAN 1 | 37 | | | | | |
| Merit (| 6331 PD) | 9578265 30-SEP-2 | | | 41000007000 | 100% FR | 637036 Genetic | 88756 Merit (P | D) 30-SE | P-2007 | | - Carraina | | 00% FR | 63001013235 EBI Rel. 16 10 | Milk kgs -132 | BF kgs -4.0 | Ptn kgs -2.0 | Surv% | CI Days | 100% |
| Rel. 97 | Milk kgs -72 | BF kgs 0.0 | Ptn kgs 1.5 | BF% 0.06 | Ptn% 0.08 | | 8 BI | Rel. | Milk kgs -117 | BF kgs -5.0 | Ptn kgs -1.0 | BF% -0.01 | Ptn% 0.06 | | NAATJE 323 | | | | | | |
| | Surv% 2.0 | CI Days -4.2 | O TY -2.4 | O FL -1.1 | O MA -1.9 | | | | Surv% 1.6 | CI Days -5.7 | OTY | OFL | O MA | | 63700039944 Body Dair Lifetime production Lact. | | L&F Fat kgs 1442 | Mam Ptn kgs 1217 | BF% 4.02 | Ptn% 3,39 | 100% Days 1214 |
| | | | | | | | 633 156 | NKE 3 29622 Merit (P | | EP-2007 Fat kgs | Ptn kgs | BF% | Ptn% | 00% FR Days | HOLWERDA 63311711211 EBI Rel. 61 23 | AMARO Milk kgs -338 | DZ BF kgs -4.0 | Ptn kgs -6.0 | Surv% | CI Days | 100% |
| | | | | | | | 1 2 3 | production | 6448 8020 9607 on | 297 350 428 | 230 277 330 | 4.61 4.36 4.46 | 3.57 3.45 3.43 | 305 305 305 | H JANKE 374 63313211922 Body Dain Lifetime production Lact. | y Milk kgs | L&F Fat kgs | Mam Ptn kgs | BF% | Ptn% | 100% Days |
| | | | | | | 0 | | EA NIE | 24075 | 1075 | 837 | 4.47 | 3.48 | EX 90 | Proposition and the second | 23977 RMS NI | FD BOY | 816 | 4.48 | 3.40 | 915 |
| Z-0008-) D | airy 0 | L&F 0 30-SEP-2 | Mam (|) | 1 | 75% HO 2.5% FR | DAY Genetic | Merit (P | D) 30-SE | 542590 EP-2007 | Die kee | DE0/ | 1 | 00% HO | 6501806201 EB Rel. | Milk kgs 321 | BF kgs 10.5 | Ptn kgs 11.5 | TL 1 Surv% -0.9 | CI Days 3.0 | 100% |
| Rel. | Milk kgs | BF kgs | Ptn kgs | BF% | Ptn% | | EBI 73 | Rel. 98 | Milk kgs 168 | BF kgs 7.5 | Ptn kgs 6.0 | BF% 0.02 | Ptn% 0.01 | | HEIDEMARIE | | | | | | EX 100% |
| 43 | 112 | 12.0 | 5.0 | 0.15 | 0.03 | | F | | Surv% 0.1 | CI Days | OTY | O FL -1.7 | O MA -0.7 | | 6001-80538 Body Dair Lifetime production | | L&F | Mam | | | 100% |
| | Surv% 1.2 | CI Days | O TY -1.3 | O FL -1.1 | O MA | | _6 L | | 0.1 | -2.7 | -0.8 | -1.7 | -0,7 | | Lact. | Milk kgs 31754 | Fat kgs 1425 | Ptn kgs 1049 | BF% 4.49 | Ptn% 3.30 | Days 1220 |
| | Milk kgs | Fat kgs | Ptn kgs | BF% | Ptn% | Days | | | | | | | | 1140 | | | | | | | |
| | 4879 4717 6328 | 204 189 266 | 174 167 229 | 4.17 4.01 4.20 | 3.56 3.53 3.61 | 285 225 286 | Body Genetic | Dairy | L&F D) 30-SE | Mam P-2007 | | | | 75% HO | EB Rel. | Milk kgs | BF kgs | Ptn kgs | Surv% | CI Days | |
| | 5896 7672 | 248 322 | 214 291 | 4.20 | 3.63 3.79 | 229 290 | Lact. 3 | | Milk kgs 4908 4941 | Fat kgs 217 217 | Ptn kgs 169 171 | BF% 4.42 4.39 | Ptn 3.45 3.45 | 251 245 | | | | | | | |
| e produc | tion Milk kgs 29492 | Fat kgs 1228 | Ptn kgs 1074 | BF% 4.16 | Ptn% 3.64 | Days 1315 | 5 6 7 | | 5630 6071 5697 | 258 246 232 | 198 214 195 | 4.59 4.05 4.07 | 3.51 3.53 3.43 | 275 299 265 | Lact. | Milk kgs | Fat kgs | Ptn kgs | BF% | Ptn% | Days |
| | | | | | | | ALCOHOLD STATE | producti | | 1374 | 1113 | 4.30 | 3.48 | 1578 | Lifetime production | | | | | | |
| decem | | | | | | - | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Breed update: impact on categories of fractions known

| | Before | After | Extra |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| All Animals in CIS Evaluation | 1,147,199 | 1,147,199 | |
| >66% of Breed Fraction Known | 838,419 | 852,980 | 14,561 |
| >75% of Breed Fraction Known | 833,196 | 848,089 | 14,893 |
| >87.5% of Breed Fraction Known | 557,360 | 615,798 | 58,438 |
| 100% of Breed Fraction Known | 373,350 | 377,465 | 4,115 |
| | | | 92,007 |

- These animals are updated for genetic evaluations
- · 3 weeks to run breed fix on 12 million animals, done once a year
- Not updated on certificates or ICBF reports

New Fertility Model



Criteria for inclusion

Breed is represented by at least 500 animal equivalents: i.e. 500 purebreds or 250 Purebreds + 500 F1 crosses Remaining breeds are grouped

Criteria for inclusion

At least 500 crosses between 2 breeds At least 100 herds with combinations of 1 or other purebreds and crosses Other crosses grouped

Criteria for inclusion

Current age and herdyear season rules will remain the same

Additive Breed Effects As handled in fertility evaluation

| | | | Proposal based on sum of all | | |
|---------------------|--------|---------------------|------------------------------|--------|--|
| Primary breed | count | Current Evaluation | fractions | | |
| Holstein | 839062 | Holstein | Holstein | 622308 | |
| Friesian | 280831 | Red Holstein | Friesian | 284054 | |
| Montbeliarde | 9264 | Friesian | Montbeliarde | 7013 | |
| Jersey | 3301 | Montbeliarde | Jersey | 2486 | |
| Meusse Rhine Ijssel | 2596 | Jersey | Meusse Rhine Ijssel | 2172 | |
| Rotbunte | 2122 | Meusse Rhine Ijssel | Rotbunte | 1448 | |
| Simmental | 1737 | Rotbunte | Simmental | 1229 | |
| Norwegian Red | 899 | Normande | Shorthorn | 673 | |
| Shorthorn | 897 | Brown Swiss | Norwegian Red | 636 | |
| Danish Red | 692 | Simmental | Ayrshire | 438 | |
| Ayrshire | 576 | Shorthorn | Normande | 418 | |
| Normande | 573 | Danish Red | Danish Red | 369 | |
| Brown Swiss | 416 | Ayrshire | Red Holstein | 343 | |
| Swedish Red | 222 | Norwegian Red | Brown Swiss | 262 | |
| Red Holstein | 218 | Swedish Red | Swedish Red | 123 | |

Non-Additive Dominance effects (Heterosis & recombination)

- Criteria for inclusion of specific crosses
- Determine level of crossing between breeds in the evaluation
 - Sufficient crosses between 2 breeds in evaluation HO100%

HO75% - FR25%

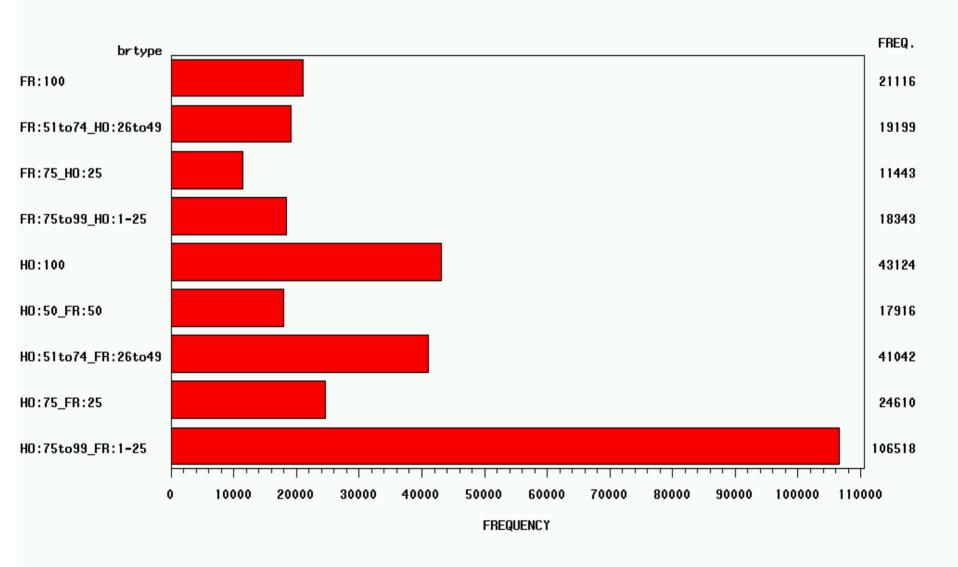
HO50% - FR50%

FR75% - HO25%

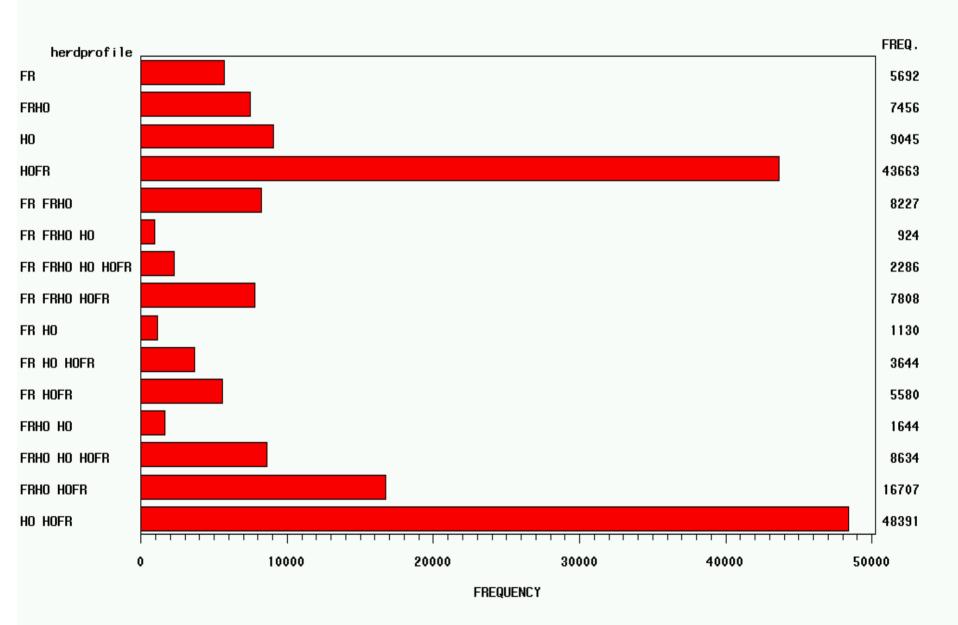
FR100%

 Herd-year-seasons with purebreds and crosses between two breeds gives best information

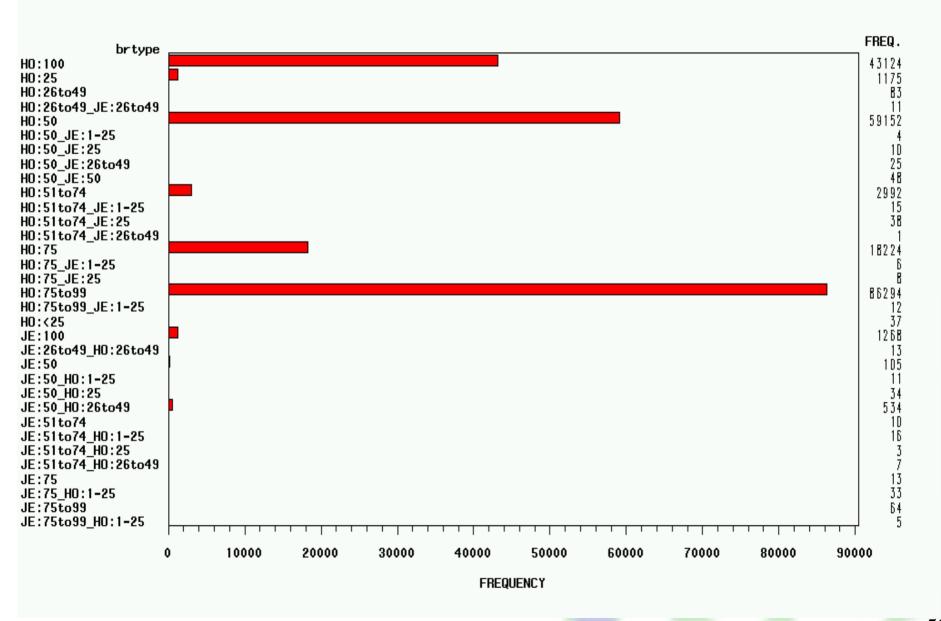
Holstein x Friesian crosses in CIS eval with full fraction known



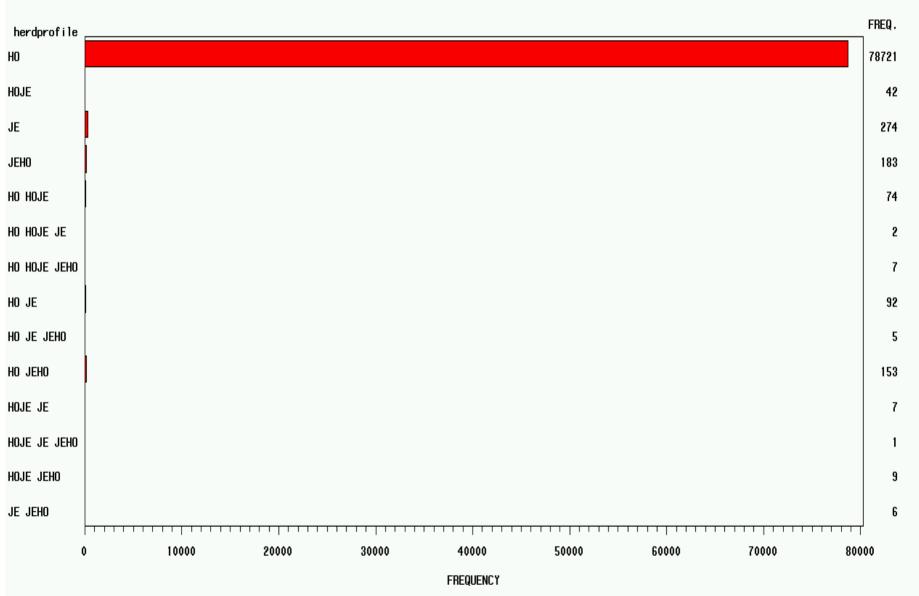
Herd distribution with Holstein, Friesian and combinations in CIS eval



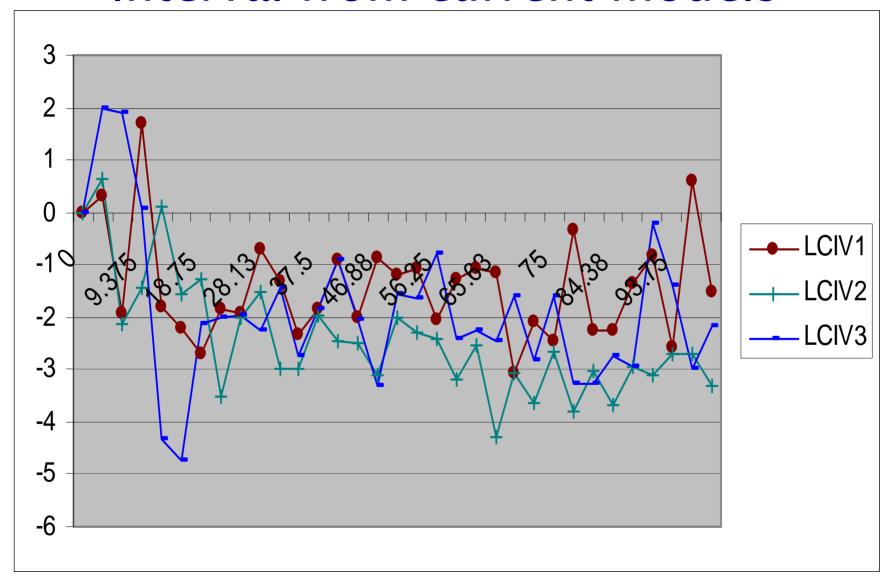
Holstein x Jersey crosses in CIS eval



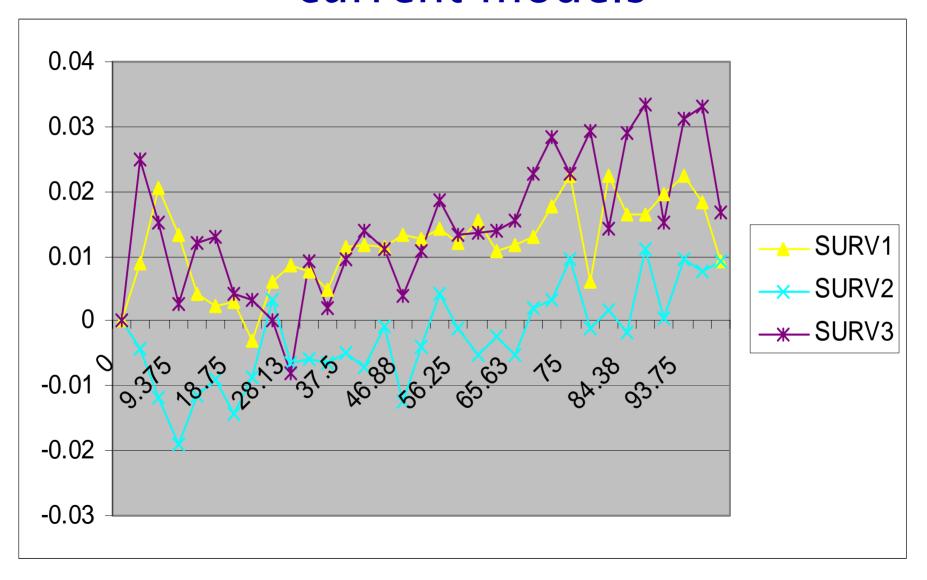
Herd distribution with Holstein, Jersey and combinations in CIS eval



Effect of heterosis on Calving Interval from current models



Effect of heterosis on survival from current models



Next stage...

- Different evaluations have different breed representations e.g. calving, fertility, production, linear
- Establish full spectrum of breeds, crosses and herd linkage in each evaluation for each trait and implement cut-off
- Implement across all evaluations
 - Milk, fertility, calving beef, health
- Report back with test run results

Plan for next year.

- All changes to implemented by Interbull test run (September 2008)
 - Breeds & breed combinations (milk, CIS & calving traits).
 - CIS updates (e.g., insemination data and age at first calving).
 - Others?
- · Development work will start earlier next year (and in future years).
- Next meeting (proposed work areas for 2008) - Feb 2008.